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As follows

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:15 A M.	Roseburg	7:15 P.M.
Roseburg	8:15 A.M.	Portland	4 20 P.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between

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Junction	6:00 A.M.	Portland	6:00 P.M.

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FROM VICTORIA TO PORTLAND & CALIFORNIA
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The Best Investment Known,
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ON CHILDREN'S SHOES.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22, 1873.

The Women's Rights Convention was held here the last part of the week just gone and did not attract very much attention. Its closing scenes wound up in the usual dramatic style with something like a farce. The officers of the law appeared on the stage just before the curtain fell and demanded to see the license the Society had to open a place of public amusement, for the advanced progressionists had assessed the entrance fee to the evening sessions at fifty cents for each member of the audience, not so much for the value of the exorcises, perhaps, but they had to have "cash moneys to pay the freights." I don't see that they were to be blamed for taking the fee, but Miss Anthony got greatly agitated over the conduct of the officers. I conclude that these horrid officers did not carry out their infamous threat to arrest Susan the next day and hold her corporeally liable for the city license. If they had she would have been a martyr, and it would have done her good. We need something fresh and new,—a first-class sensation would do Washington good, and a "martyr" is just the thing to have provided to fill the emergency." Susan would have suffered like Joan of Arc and have died as heroically as John Rogers, or any other man, and nothing more calculated to aid the movement could have been devised. Strictly as a friend to Susan B. and her cause, I feel heartfelt regret that she was not made a first class martyr and allowed to suffer to the full extent of the law.

MORTON'S SPEECH.

One of the finest looking heads in the Senate sits on the shoulders of Senator Morton, of Indiana, and when he talks he says something that has point to it and says it well. Sitting, he looks like a man of splendid physique, but a swinging frame or brace at the left of his desk and the two canes that lean by it show that he is crippled. He sometimes stands and leans on the movable support, and he can, with the aid of his canes walk painfully, but he always, or nearly always, speaks sitting, by the permission of the Senate. In a late debate on the Presidential election in Arkansas and Louisiana, he very powerfully summed up the excitement that would exist if Grant's election depended on the returns from those States, and showed the necessity for some satisfactory mode of settling the legality of returns for Presidential electors in the various States and argued in favor of submitting to the States a Constitutional amendment covering the difficulty. He favors the election of President and Vice President by a popular vote of the whole nation.

CREDIT MOBILIER.

Committee No. 1 has not developed much of interest lately and the people are becoming to be rather tired of the whole thing, for it has not proved that any great number of Congressmen were at all interested in the Credit Mobilier or that Congress was corrupted thereby to such an extent as was charged, but on the contrary, investigation has shown Congress to be more free from corrupt influences than the people had expected. Some good has really resulted, but the case still stands that a few owned the stock, though there still lacks evidence to prove that they received it for their influence, or without paying par value therefor. Committee No. 2 has a more important work still to perform in investigating the affairs of the Credit Mobilier in connection with the Union Pacific Railroad Co., to ascertain if in the construction of the road there was such unfair application of the means of the company as to cripple its resources and leave it unable to fulfill its obligations to the government. That means business, and strikes at the root of the matter, but the investigation will be a wearisome affair and occupy time, very probably without results.

KANSAS SENATORSHIPS.

It takes a small fortune to start a man on a Senatorial race in Kansas, and after he has spent his money and the Legislature takes its choice, the man who didn't get elected, (because his pole wasn't long enough to knock down the persimmons) complains that his successful competitor practiced bribery. That looks a good deal like the kettle calling the other kettle a blackamoor, but that is the way they seem to do in "bleeding Kansas." Now, when they elect a Senator in that State, Kansas doesn't bleed, it's the would-be-Senators that bleed, and the flow is like that of maple sap on a frosty February morning. Legislative positions there—on years that shoot Senators—are worth money. For dions and pilocage ought to be abolished and such years and members should be assured a tithing for the benefit of the poor. The thing should be made equal and some of the sap should flow into the small tin cups held by the simple minded people, who have votes. Well! candidates for the Senate in Kansas are in luck to have so much money. It is a little draw back that the Senate now has a committee busily investigating how they are in the habit of expending it. The most interesting question to me is: How much does it cost the nation to carry on this investigation and give these Kansas politicians a chance to expose each other here in the National Capitol? The cool manner in which they testify that their motives are mercenary and malicious would be refreshing if it was not so nauseating.

THE MODOC WAR.

Considerable interest is felt here in the apes of war that looms on our southern frontier. The Modocs need more vigorous treatment than they have had, and the fact that by this time nearly a hundred killed and wounded are on our hands to bury and to tend, will invigorate the army movements. If they can't otherwise handle them the Government can send for General Crook, who tanned the Snakes, and the chances are he can charm the Modocs' Jesse Applegate has furnished the *Chronicle* here an accurate description of the lava fields and the country occupied by the hostile bands, and of the existing state of things.

BANKRUPT LAW.

Some measure was lately before the House looking to amend the bankrupt law, when a resolution was introduced to repeal the law altogether, and speedily passed. This will be strenuously resisted by the Senate, because they find it necessary—or claim that they do—to rely on that law to carry them through the peculiar condition to which they were reduced as a consequence of the civil war. The Senate may take a longer deliberation on the matter, and conclude that the entire repeal of the law is not expedient. The feeling against the law in the House was very strong.

OF INTEREST TO OREGON.

Our stock of Oregonians has been increased by the arrival of D P. Thompson, A. B Rogers, General E. L. Applegate and Jacob Stitzel.

Last week, on Friday, Attorney General and Mrs. Williams gave their first reception of the season, and there were present from our country Messrs Meacham, Barry, Cole, Rogers, Chapman, Kincaid, Clarke, Chaplin, Ritz of Walla Walla, Senator Kelly and Miss Ella Miller. We met there such distinguished gentlemen as Secretary Fish, Secretary Belknap, Chief Justice Chase, many Senators and heads of others, I did not learn who, and the affair was quite brilliant. I don't know that I am sorry for it but I am not Jenkins enough to do the dressing and toilets up for you in proper shape. Mrs. Williams stands among the first here in grace of entertaining her friends, and it is unnecessary to say that she was fully equal to the occasion.

OUR RAILWAY.

No report has yet been made from the House Committee on Public Lands on the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad bill, but there is a chance that the committee will favor the bill. Four of the nine are decidedly for it. Its features are more favorable than any ever passed granting lands, as the Government sells the lands and applies the proceeds for the building of the road. Also the company is to carry the United States mails free for five years. On Tuesday the committee gave a hearing to the friends of the enterprise, and Senator Kelly and Colonel Chapman made statements before it. Judge J. G. Wilson was laid up with a severe cold, and was disappointed in not being able to be present. The vote has not yet been taken on the bill by the committee.

This morning a bill passed the House, permitting the Walla Walla railroad to cut timber on the public domain. The ties for that road were so cut, and the U. S. Marshal seized them as a depredation. That was a matter of course, so it was necessary to have special action to set these ties loose again, and to provide for the further needs of that road.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

The appropriations for the Indian service in our State is $1,000, and exceed the last year by $60,000. The excess is accounted for in the following item of the bill that makes the appropriation "For this amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended in the erection of agency buildings on the Malheur Indian reservation in Oregon, and in the purchase of goods, subsistence, stores, &c, for the Indians that may be collected on said reservation, also for breaking land and instructing the Indians in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, providing employees, educating children, procuring medicine and medical attendance, care for and support of the aged, sick, and infirm, for the helpless orphans of said Indians, or in any other respect to promote their civilization, comfort, and improvement, fifty thousand dollars."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Corbett has introduced a bill to create post roads in Oregon, as follows: "From Oak Point via Clackanine to Nehalem valley; also, from Westport to Nehalem valley. He received and presented a petition, said to be signed by 800 citizens of Yamhill, praying for an appropriation to improve the Yamhill river.

I have not yet seen Applegate. Stitzel informs me he delivered three successful lectures in Salt Lake. They intend to work the matter up and when in good shape deliver several lectures here. If rightly managed Applegate's lectures can be made a success here at the East.

Yesterday Mr. Slater reported from the Committee on Public Lands the bill which permits settlers who own 160 acres of land destitute of timber, to locate a timber tract of 40 acres in connection with the same. This bill will accomodate a great many settlers and it should pass the Senate.

THE TERRITORIES.

Skating on real ice was indulged in at Olympia, last Monday. 'Twas not so here.

The Corinne *Reporter* wants somebody indicted for stealing the steamboat landing at that place.

A Mr. S. Carpenter, a Montana editor, recently won a $600 piano at a Church Fair. A pair o'dice proved his Paradise.

As will be seen by our dispatches, a bill has passed the House of Representatives providing for the payment of the Montana war claims.

A Salt Lake Mormon, with four wives, fifteen daughters and twelve sons, is figuring as to whether it will be cheaper to mix up an arsenic stew or use kerosene for kindling-wood in his house.

Forty head of fat cattle and 300 head of sheep were shipped at Olympia for the Victoria market, last Monday morning. Live stock shipments, in the same direction, during the entire season have been quite large.

A bill has passed both houses of Congress adding 2,000 square miles to Montana, embracing the Pleasant Valley section of country. This is a part of Dakota Territory, although separated from it by the whole breadth of Wyoming Territory.

Charles Roe and two other men reached Fort Benton, Montana, on the 13th ult. from Cypress Mountain, British America. They suffered cold almost indescribable on the trip, having lost all riding and pack animals by the deep snow. They were 37 days in making the distance, which is 200 miles.

Newton Carey, who lives alone in his cabin not far from Olympia, was most terribly frightened a few nights ago by a large tree falling directly across his domicile while he was sleeping in his little bed. It was a very narrow escape for him, as the tree completely demolished his cabin, leaving only one wall standing, which he was fortunately lying near and which protected him from instant death.

The Salt Lake *Mining Journal* says: The epizootic, the fearful horse malady that has been raging in other portions of the continent, has made its appearance here. It was thought that our isolated position would shield our horses from the terrible visitation; but it seems to be an epidemic, the seeds of which seem to be transported by the atmosphere, and it has crossed the supposed barrier of the Rocky Mountains, and is now in our midst. Several well defined cases have occurred here, and from the symptoms, there seems to be no doubt that the genuine article is on hand. It has attacked mules as well as horses, and in one or two instances the cessation of teaming has been necessary.

In *The People*, a paper published at Pueblo, Colorado Territory, we find the following description of that town, situated in what a few years ago was generally thought to be a barren waste of rocks and sands: "This is a fine growing town of somewhat over 2,500 inhabitants, and has an annual trade of nearly a million and a half dollars. Here you will see, in its fullest sense, a lively town—a wonderful amount of business enterprise, thrift and industry—with good schools, several hotels, good churches, fine buildings, both public and private, and elegant iron-front business houses second to none in the Territories. It is surrounded by the finest and best agricultural region in the Territory, and is 'the commercial *entrepot* for the vast and rich Arkansas valley.' It, like Denver, has had its 'trials and tribulations,' but has outlived them all, and to day stands forth as one of the most promising cities west of Kansas City and east of the Rocky Mountains."

Rumorous.

A cheerful giver put the following note in a pair of pantaloons sent to the Michigan sufferers. "There, take 'em, last pair I've got. Don't get burned out again."

A sharp answer: A little boy the other day was put into long trousers for the first time. Some one asked him why he had changed. "Well," he replied, "the boys made fun of me, and I wasn't going to wear my pants at half-mast any longer."

A Western publisher lately gave notice that he intended to spend $50 for "a new head" for his paper. The next day one of his subscribers dropped him the following note: "Don't do it—better keep the money and buy a new head for the editor."

Hiram Green, Esq., says: "Now that Congress is setting, I hope they will hatch some eggs traordinary good laws, instead of simply feathering their own nests, by being constantly on the lay. Such a *coup de etat* would silence much foul cackling over bad eggs, while the American eagle would crow with wild delight."

Josh Billings says "Mackrel inhabit the sea generally; but those which inhabit the grocery always taste to me as though they had been fatted on salt. They want a deal of freshening before they're eatin', and also afterward. If I am have plenty of mackrel for breakfast, I can generally make the other two meals out of water."

An enterprising Chicago statistician has computed that of the 14,497,000 cattle, hogs and sheep received at the Union Stock Yards of that city during the past seven years were enabled to march in a tunnel through the center of the earth, two abreast, just as the last pair of the genial members of the procession were entering the hole on this side, the first pair would have got 804 miles away from the other end of the bore.

OREGON.

Stock and crops are both reported flourishing in all the Wallamet valley counties. Wapato Lake neighborhood included.

The proposition to send Peace Commissioners to the Modocs appears to be severely condemned in the southern part of the State.

We learn that Hon. Henry Warren, Receiver at the Oregon City Land Office, whose life was despaired of a few days ago, is somewhat better and strong hopes are felt that he will recover.

The Indian Court on the Siletz Reservation, decides that the red man who persuades a squaw to leave her husband, has to pay the husband her first cost. If the husband takes the law in his own hands and sticks a knife in the offender, he must pay $100 and suffer two months imprisonment.

The *Statesman* has this: A gentleman living in Marion county, in this State, once sent to some friends in New York a marked copy of a newspaper containing an article on the resources and prices of property in Oregon. To that simple cause the now traces the location of three families of valuable and permanent citizens in the State.

The *Statesman's* reporter says: "We paid a visit to the Agricultural building yesterday and found the firms of Cooke, Dennis & Co., and the Salem Bag Factory, running on full time and turning out large quantities of work. Mr. Myers has several fine threshing machines set up and in running order. The enterprise is a great one and should be patronized by all the farmers of the Wallamet valley.

The *Statesman* of Wednesday has the following river items: "The *Alice* came up yesterday from below. She remained but a few moments at the wharf when she cast off for Corvallis where she will load with grain for down the river. The *Fannie Patton* came down with 900 sacks of wheat for Salem Mills, and 50 tons of through freight. She took on board 30 tons of flour and 5 tons of bran at the Salem Mills. The *Shoo Fly* came up in the afternoon with but light freight of merchandise. She started for Monroe, where she will load with wheat for down river. The river is falling slowly, but is still at good boat stage.

The Senatorial Election in Kansas.

A Topeka special to the San Francisco *Bulletin* thus describes the scene at the Senatorial election in the Kansas Legislature:

An extraordinary and exciting scene was witnessed in the Kansas State Legislature today, on the occasion of the election of United States Senator. Both Houses met in joint session at noon. The galleries, lobbies and even the stairways were closely packed with persons eager to witness the election. When the Assembly was called to order a member of the anti-Pomeroy caucus nominated John J. Ingalls, of Atchison.

Senator York then rose to a question of privilege and proceeded to detail the circumstances of three interviews between himself and U. S. Senator Pomeroy, which were held, he stated in pursuance of a plan arranged by himself and other prominent opponents of Pomeroy, in order to discover the latter's tactics. The first meeting was on Friday night when several persons were present, during which Ross' letter was discussed. The second meeting was on Monday night and was private, when Pomeroy offered York $8,000 for his vote—$2,000 cash, $5,000 on Tuesday and the remainder on Thursday. York accepted the offer and took the $2,000. On Tuesday afternoon he met Pomeroy again, by agreement, and received from him the $5,000 promised. York produced a roll of bank bills from his pocket and said, "Here is the $7,000 paid me, but which I now desire to place in the hands of this Joint Convention."

A great sensation was caused by this statement and the scene was indescribable. As soon as the confusion had subsided, a motion was made for a recess, to allow Senator Pomeroy to defend himself, but it was defeated by a large majority. A ballot was then taken, resulting in the election of Ingalls by a vote of 115 to 16 scattering, none of them being for Pomeroy. The Convention then adjourned. Pomeroy was afterwards arrested for bribery but gave bail.

This Pomeroy must be an unmitigated knave. Nor are we surprised to learn by recent dispatches, published heretofore, that the successful candidate, Ingalls, is a still looser character than Pomeroy is known to be. A man who achieves his election by the means detailed above, and the men he uses for instruments in the accomplishment of such purposes are inherently dishonest. Nobody ever yet knew an honest man to stand in the situation of Pomeroy or York, or the man who used York, as shown above.

If we are to believe the correspondents from London, the English statesman are already engaged in the wind-work of active hostilities against Russia. The dispatch says:

The latest letters and newspapers from London indicate plainly that the English Government has taken a clearly defined and threatening attitude against Russian aggression in Asia. One correspondent says: "Lord Granville has put aside his easy-going ways. He has waited till the Russian advance into Khiva had become a matter of notoriety, and then, with entire politeness but great firmness, he has pointed out to Russia the line on which and the point to which she may continue her advance unmolested and unresisted by Great Britain. If she keeps within it, well and good; if she goes beyond it, Great Britain will stop her, if she can." Smalley writes: "Englishmen will fight Russia if needed by Asia. They would greatly prefer not to fight; but show them that Russia is menacing India, and that moment is the time when she will show her strength. Threaten English supremacy in India, and they will start an army for Afghanistan and a fleet to Constadt, and not half the world in a blaze, sooner than yield an inch on the banks of the Oxus."

RESPONSE OF HON. A. J. DUFUR.

To the Public Press and Citizens of Portland:

As I see by the morning papers of the 5th instant that the attention of our citizens has again been called to the importance our great centennial celebration in 1876, and information asked on this important subject, and as I have had the honor thus far of representing the people of Oregon in the U. S. Centennial Commission in Philadelphia, which met there to devise means and execute plans for making this great undertaking a National honor and glorious success, I deem it not only a duty I owe to myself and to the people of this State, but shall esteem it a privilege to meet the citizens of Portland, or of any other locality in the State, at such time and place as they may designate, and give them such information as I have obtained relative to the action taken, work already done and still to be performed to carry out the object of this great National enterprise; and also the beneficial results to be derived to the Nation at large, and to the people of Oregon in particular, from holding this celebration. A. J. DUFUR,
Commissioner Alternate for Oregon.
PORTLAND, Feb 6, 1873

The Vallejo *Independent* professes to have information of an open rupture between Sargent and Gorham. The latter is to be thrown overboard as a candidate for United States Senator, and Hon. Thos. B. Shannon, Collector of the Port of San Francisco, will be taken up in his place.

By Overland Telegraph.

DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.

EASTERN DATES TO FEBRUARY 5

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—In the Senate, Hill introduced and asked immediate consideration of the bill to increase the salary of the President to $50,000 and the Vice President to $10,000.

Sherman objected, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Elections

A copy of the testimony before the Poland Credit Mobilier Committee affecting Senators was received.

Patterson moved the appointment of a select committee of five to consider the testimony, with power to send for persons and papers Agreed to

Senate adjourned

In the House, the bill for the payment of the Montana war claims passed

Poland, chairman of the select committee on the Credit Mobilier, presented the evidence taken, and

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING FEB 6 187[illegible]

Reconstruction Demanded

The labors of the Poland Committee are ended, but the occasion which called it into being still exists, and our representatives will soon be summoned to pass upon the gravest issues that have ever been tried in the National Capitol. We say the gravest, because we are soon to know whether the fountains of law are to be kept pure or whether their pollution will be suffered by "a people grown in different to their ruin" Congress evidently has not mistaken the temper of the country which first demanded a full and complete investigation of the Credit Mobilier scandal, and which now clamors for final and righteous judgment It may have been proper and sufficient during the exciting political campaign through which we have just passed for the gentlemen accused to content themselves with an open denial of the charges made by a partisan press But as the session of Congress approached, the accusations assumed a more definite form Men whom we had been accustomed to consider of irreproachable character had been implicated in transactions of most iniquitous nature, unless we should distrust accusations, which by reason of their sources as well as their definiteness and particularity seemed entitled to a high degree of credit. The silence of official dignity could no longer avail The people demanded an investigation, and the people were in earnest. Their voice, smothered for a time, rose above the noise of party strife, and thundered at the door of our national legislature for redress It was no fancied grievance that aroused the constant spirit of wrath. The masses of the American people are honest at heart and their ill suppressed anger found a thousand tongues to utter its denunciations in the halls of Congress.

It is well that our legislature did not mistake the temper of the country. It was well that the Senate, with commendable haste, acquiesced in the popular will, nor stayed to parley with an incensed constituency.

The task which the Poland Committee undertook was an exceedingly delicate and unpleasant one. It became their sworn duty to examine and thoroughly sift accusations attacking the probity of men whom the nation had delighted to honor. We believe that the Committee has performed its disagreeable duty in a faithful and impartial manner. And while Congressional Committees of Inquiry have hitherto been liable to the charge of indifference in the matters of investigation where the character of a fellow-member has been involved, we apprehend that the Poland Committee will never be subjected to imputations of this character. Every facility has been afforded the prosecuting witness whereby the whole truth might be established, nor have Senators defendant been at all hampered in their efforts to escape the ignominy of conviction. The people, in no equivocal tone, demanded an exhaustive examination of the charges. We believe their voice has been obeyed, and hence we say that Judge Poland, for his honest endeavors to fulfill the manifest wish of a nation of truth-loving people, merits the heartiest thanks of his clients. And now that the labors of the Committee are ended, we await anxiously the next move of Congress. An offended nation has a right to expect a summary punishment of the guilty whether they be dignified Senators or ephemeral Representatives. It has been our proud boast that in the republic alone could great public virtues achieve their highest growth and their fullest development. We cannot yet afford to give this up. We can endure the taunts which may follow this disgrace, but we cannot afford to uphold the causes. It has come to this. If Senator Harlan secured his seat in the United States Senate by fraud and corruption, let him be expelled, and that right speedily. Let no partisan bitterness shape the verdict; let no bias of ill-timed mercy step between the guilty party and his punishment, nor any popular clamor cheat the innocent of his vindication. If Oakes Ames has profaned his sacred trust by using the high office with which the people of the grand old Commonwealth of Massachusetts honored him, let him feel the merited vengeance of an indignant constituency. If Garfield, Kelly, Colfax, or any of the people's representatives have suffered themselves to dishonor the seats once occupied by Stevens, Lincoln, Adams, and a host of other illustrious Americans, let them go forth crying "unclean!" The fame of our Commonwealth is dearer than any one man. Its vindication is more to be desired than the fortunate escape of any of its servants

The bill introduced by Mr. Hooper in Congress, January 13th, for the reorganization of the Treasury Department, makes some important changes in the salaries of certain officers. The salary of the Treasurer is increased to $15,000, that of the Assistant Treasurer to $7,500; Commissioners of Internal Revenue, Auditors and Controllers, to $6,000, and establishes the compensation of the new class of clerks at $2,100 The bill also directs the President to apportion, on the 1st of July next, all officers, clerkships and other employments in the executive Department in Washington, in accordance with the representation of States and Territories in Congress, and establishes a Board of three Civil-service Examiners, at an annual salary of $3,500, who are to make out, after examination and investigation, a civil-service list consisting of one person from each Congressional District, one for each Territory and two from each State at large, from whom all appointments to fill vacancies in the lowest class shall be made.

An amusing episode occurred in Congress a few days ago. Mr. Sargent introduced an amendment to the appropriation bill, then under consideration, increasing the salary of the President to $50,000. Mr. Holman interposed the objection that the amendment changed the existing law. Mr. Dawes in the Chair, overruled Mr. H.'s objection, when the latter appealed to the House. Speaker Blaine being on the floor as a member of the Committee, assumed the leadership in sustaining Mr. Dawes, and rising to his feet, and hurrying down the aisle, cried to those about him, "Up, up! It is clearly right. It is as plain as A B C." Considerable merriment followed, but by a vote of 60 to 67 the Committee of the whole refused to sustain Mr. Dawes' ruling The Democratic side of the House particularly enjoyed the discomfiture of Dawes and Blaine, and greeted the latter with a good natured round of applause as he attempted *sotto voce*, to explain his position.

Alligator leather having become a valuable article of commerce the Mobile *Register* suggests that Northern capitalists interested in the hide and leather trade go South and manufacture the article, where they can obtain an unfailing supply of the raw material cheap.

Interesting Railway Statistics.

From the annual report of the Massachusetts Railway Commissioners, just published, we condense the following interesting facts There are within the Commonwealth 1,658 miles of railway, or one mile of road to each 1,704 square miles of territory and to every 873 inhabitants The average cost of the roads has $51,250 per mile exclusive of equipment The cost per mile of unequipped road varies from $79,679 58 in the case of the Boston and Albany to $15,829 94 in the Middleborough and Taunton As an approximation it may be estimated that the average cost per mile of an equipped road is $58,000

The entire amount directly invested in railways reporting is, in round numbers, $135,000,000 represented by $81,000,000 of stock and $54,000,000 of debt The gross income of the roads during the year ending September 30th, 1872, was 22.8 per cent of their entire cost, but the cost of operation was 72 2 per cent of their gross earnings, leaving an average net income from the year's doings of 6 3 per cent on the investment The average dividend on stock of dividend-paying roads was 8 03 per cent The capital stock is owned by about 29,650 persons, and the average amount held by each is $2 750 Of the whole number of stockholders 71 per cent are residents of Massachusetts, controlling 69 per cent of the capital stock,—an aggregate of nearly $57,000,000. The total earnings returned for the year are $30,668,542 70 The average earnings on each mile of road operated was $12,768 37. The cost of operation amounted to $9,222 31 per mile. The average cost of running a train one mile was returned at $1 31, but probably did not exceed $1 10. Of this average cost of $1 31 per train mile, the maintenance of permanent way including repairs, etc., amounted to 35 2 cts, traffic expenses, including salaries, fuel, repairs of rolling stock, waste, etc, to 31.4 cts., and taxes and miscellaneous items amounted to 14 4 cents. The cost of fuel was 17 3 cents per train mile, repairs of locomotives, 9.6 cents, for repairs of passenger cars, 15 cents, and repairs of freight cars, 15 6 cents. On the other hand the gross earnings on each passenger train were $1 67 per mile, and upon a freight train, $1,88. Average gross income on each train, $1 81 per mile, and the net earnings 50 cents. The average number of passengers to each train was sixty-eight, the average number of tons of freight, sixty-seven.

The average fare charged per mile was 2.426 cents, ranging from 2 4 mills per mile for season-ticket passengers for long distances, to 4.7 cents per mile for single-trip passengers. Through freights have ranged from 1.5¢ to 12 cents per mile, while local freights have varied from 2.71 to 10 cents per mile. The average cost of hauling each ton of freight one mile has been 2 31 cents. As regards equipment, 335 miles out of 3,253—the total mileage, including side-tracks, etc.—or a fraction more than 10 per cent., have been laid in steel. The average cost of telegraph has been $14 29 per mile operated—the gross expense being only $34,000. There is an average of one telegraph station to every ten miles of road. There are 919 stations, or an average of one station to each 2.33 miles of road operated

Sixteen train accidents were reported. As regards passengers, though 29 were injured, none were killed by causes beyond their own control The total number of persons carried by rail during the year was 35,050,000; it would, therefore appear that one passenger was injured out of each 1,230,000 carried.

An engineer on the Texas and Pacific railway line in Arizona, writes to his friends in Boston that the famous Cachise, chief of the Apaches, with twenty of his warriors, recently visited his camp near White Sulphur Springs. The guileless red man remarked to his awe-stricken host that it was the first time in fifteen years that he had visited a white man's camp in peace. The warrior expressed his acquiescence in the project, thought that the railroad would be a good thing, and uttered a conviction that "ere another cycle had swept across his native Sahara" he would have the intense satisfaction of scalping his regular quota of peace commissioners. "The interview was brief," says the correspondent, but probably long enough to enable the falcon eye of the chief to take a hurried inventory of camp-furniture, engineer's trousers, etc.

The Agricultural College land bill, introduced by Mr. Morrill of Vermont, and which has passed the Senate, appropriates to every State and Territory which has an Agricultural College running five years from date, 500,000 acres of land. It is a wholesale scheme for the encouragement of education. If vast tracts of the public domain must be sacrificed to ease the virulent cacoethes of our Congressmen, we think, with Senator Morrill, it were far better to do it in the interest of some honest enterprise than to cram whole townships down the insatiate maw of Credit Mobiliers and railway speculators. The bill referred to meets with strong opposition, however, in the House of Representatives

Hon. S. S. Cox of New York, better known as "Sunset Cox," will sail for Europe shortly after the expiration of his term in Congress which ends March 4th. "Sunset Cox" has achieved considerable distinction as a "fine writer," his letters from European lands—"Sunbeams"—are elegant compositions He will also make a tour to Egypt and Syria which will consume about one year and a half His travels will be written up for the New York *World*. Some of the ill-natured Eastern papers say that his search for sunbeams was so successful that he is now emboldened to start on a search for the earth's axis.

An exchange says the discussion of Oakes Ames and the uncertain manner in which he distributed Credit Mobilier stock, reminds one of the reply of an unfortunate young man who, having been out late at night, attempted to get over a picket fence in front of his father's house, and in the endeavor rent his trousers. On being interrogated at the door, he replied "Jus 's easy to come in that way 's any other if 'twant for tearin' clothes." "Torn your clothes, have you?" sternly demanded the parent. "Yes, b' not—much—hole; ain't bigger 'n dollar, dollar n half, ur two dollars."

The Smithsonian Institution is preparing comparative vocabularies of the English language and the languages of about one hundred tribes of American Indians, inhabiting the regions between Puget Sound and Central America, for the benefit of missionary, commercial and scientific progress The work will be distributed gratuitously.

The Postmaster General estimates that the Government will need about two billion nine hundred million postage stamps for the next four years.

At the annual sale of pews in Henry Ward Beecher's Church on January 4th, the amount realized for rent and premium was over $65,000.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has recently made a decision which is of considerable interest to insurance men. The person insured died about ten months after the policy was taken out, and it was proved that at the time of effecting it, and thereafter until he died he was addicted to habitual intemperance, from the effects of which he died. The court divided the drinking classes into three groups,—those who drink sometimes, and upon occasions, as it were, more by accident than otherwise, but in no exceptional manner that no one can say they have any habit in regard to such use those who acquire a constant appetite for intoxicating liquors, and a regular habit of using them so that the system is kept under the immediate influence of alcoholic stimulants, and those who, while remaining sober for a month, three or six months, or even a year at a time, and refusing to taste any intoxicating drink, then go upon a debauch of greater or less intensity, and lasting for a longer or a shorter period Those two latter classes were held to come within the prohibition of the policy, which stipulated that if the insured should die by reason of intemperance from the use of intoxicating liquors, the policy should be null and void In the case under reference, the insured, ordinarily an efficient business man, belonged to that class whose constitutionally nervous appetite for alcoholic stimulants amounts to a disease, and whose excesses no earthly consideration or persuasion can arrest until prostration and sickness compel cessation The court, therefore, entered judgment for the company, reversing the decision of the court below.

Eighteen prominent lawyers, representing nearly every prominent city in the country, appeared before the Senate Committee on patents lately to oppose the extension of the Babcock fire-extinguisher patent, in the interest of the Graham heirs who apply for the revival of an old patent of 1837. The committee heard the argument of the petitioners, and inviting the lawyers to retire, held a consultation, which resulted in the rejection of the application, after which the lawyers were informed that their services were not further required.

As will be seen by the response of Hon. A. J Dufur, Centennial Commissioner, to the suggestions of the press, he holds himself ready to give the public such information as he possesses upon the subject of the celebration. It is to be hoped that arrangements will be made at once for a public address by the commissioner in this city and at other central points in the State.

ONCE MORE ON THE TRACK.—C. M. Martin has settled down to "biz" again. He occupies that commodious room at the northeast corner of First and Yamhill streets. Of course, it is understood that the stock of Groceries he has opened is large and excellent in every particular. If you can't get what you want at his place, then there is no use looking for the desired article. He will be ably assisted in awaiting upon the numerous customers that are sure to flock to his place to buy. Don't forget the new Store when you pass up First street to-day.

Passing away! passing away!
Each Tooth Wash of a former day;
SOZODONT gives the *crup de grace*,
Good-by to the humbugs! let them pass. 62

HIRSKELL'S TETTER OINTMENT
Will cure Tetter, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Itch, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Old Sores, Scalds, Burns, Inflamed Eyes, Piles, Pimples, Blotches and all Eruptions of the Skin Of the many thousand boxes yearly sold of this Ointment, we are yet to hear of a single case of failure There is no other remedy in the world backed by so many certificates of Wonderful Cures, as it can show. The genuine has the signature of the proprietors, Johnston, Holloway & Co Fifty Cents a box, sent by Mail for Sixty Cents. JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, Agents for the Pacific Coast.

Vigilance H. & L. Co. No. 1.—Annual meeting this evening at 7½ o'clock.
G. H CLARKE, Secretary.

Protection Engine Co. No. 4.—Special meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7½ o'clock.
AL. ZIEBER, Secretary.

AT HOME!

QUINN, THE PIONEER FISH AND GAME DEALER, having consolidated at his Old Stand, UNION FISH MARKET,

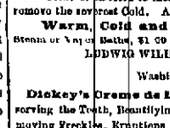
Washington st., bet. First and Second,

Is now better prepared than ever to wait on his old and new customers.

A full supply of
FISH, OYSTERS, GAME and POULTRY,
Always on Hand at Lowest Rates

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY,
and
PURCHASES DELIVERED FREE TO CUSTOMERS.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS
The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,
Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00 Warm baths, 50 cents.
LUDWIG WILHELMS, Proprietor,
Wieland's Old Stand,
Washington street, near Front.

Dickey's Creme de Lis—For cleansing and preserving the Teeth, Beautifying the Complexion, and removing Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. A new combination, equal to the best French preparations, and free from their poisonous ingredients Invented by Geo S. Dickey, Chemist jl6dim 1 6m

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

THE PEOPLE'S DOCTOR, cures Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Lame Back, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Pains in the Stomach and Bowels, and all internal and external aches and pains.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL
speaks for itself, and time and use have proved it the best remedy in the world for the above complaints—Price, small size, fifty cents; large, one dollar per bottle. Ask for PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

BLOOD! BLOOD!

THE RIVER OF LIFE Keep the ruby current clean and pure; get rid of Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Pustules, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and all eruptions and disorders arising from impure blood, by using
PRATT'S NEW LIFE
Keep your liver active and your bowels regular; cure FEVER and AGUE, Sick Headache, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Blood and Liver Remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price, one dollar; for sale by all druggists
A. P. DOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists,
s24d3p6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

Can any Medicine do More?

The art of changing the base metals into gold has not been discovered, but the happy results of a discovery infinitely more important are familiar to the community, and have been so for the past twenty years To exchange debility for vigor, sickness for health, apathy for energy, gloom for cheerfulness, is a much more desirable operation than to transmute lead into the root of all evil And this is what Hostetter's Stomach Bitters accomplish, and have been accomplishing daily, ever since their introduction. Dyspepsia, biliousness, nervous affections, constipation, intermittent fevers, rheumatism, sick headache and general debility are no longer the bug bears that they were a fifth of a century ago The Bitters, taken as a protective medicine, prevent them, and taken as a remedy cures them, and the people know it Hence their overshadowing reputation and enormous sale The fame of the great vegetable specific is ever on the march, and at a pace that no competitor can live It is to-day the foremost medicine of its class in the civilized world. Every now and then attempts are made to rival it, and sometimes a nostrum concocted in the idle hope of sharing its popularity has a brief spurt of apparent success But it is all illusion One by one they sink like stones in the sea while the great tonic, whose celebrity has been the cause of these blind ventures, continues to ride on the topmost wave of public favor, unapproached and unapproachable.

NEW TO-DAY.

Tiger Co. No. 5.

MEMBERS OF TIGER CO. NO 5 ARE HEREBY requested to meet for the transaction of important business this (Thursday) evening at 7 o'clock, at the office of C. CHICH, Esq., at the corner of Front and Clay streets. D C LEWIS President
fe6 1

To My Friends.

PORTLAND, FEB 4, 1873.—ALLOW ME, PUBlicly, to return my most sincere thanks for the compliment paid me on the occasion of my benefit at the Oro Fino Theater last evening, and I can only assure you that on my return (which I look forward to with pleasure) I shall endeavor by conscientious attention to my professional duties, to merit a continuance of your kind patronage and appreciation. I beg to remain, ladies and gentlemen, respectfully,
fe6 1 MRS G B WALDRON

Largest Organ Establishment in the World.
SEVEN EXTENSIVE FACTORIES!
J. ESTEY & COMPANY,
Brattleboro Vt, U S A
THE CELEBRATED
ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS!
THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVEMENTS
EVERYTHING THAT IS NEW AND NOVEL.—The leading improvements in organs were introduced first in this establishment
Established 1846.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
Wholesale Agency for the Pacific Coast,
138 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal.
'6dawtm

PLANTATION BITTERS!

S. T.--1860--X.

This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

For Preserving and Beautifying the Human Hair. To Prevent its Falling Out and Turning Grey.

A well-preserved Head of Hair, in a person of middle age, at once bespeaks refinement, elegance, health and beauty. It may truly be called Woman's Crowning Glory, while men are not insensible to its advantages and charms. Nothings are more disgusting than thin, frizzly, harsh, untamed Hair, with head and coat covered with Dandruff. Visit a barber and you feel and look like a new man. This is what LYON'S KATHAIRON will do all the time The charm which lies in well-placed Hair, Glossy Curls, Luxuriant Tresses, and a Clean Head, is irresistible and irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores.
ap29d1y

Wants.

To Scientists.

WANTED—BY ALPHONSE L PINART, THE skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged, and the exact locality where procured A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to AGASTUS HONCHARENKO, No. 611, Clay Street, San Francisco, Cal, who is authorized to act in the matter as Agent.
Paris, Nov. 25, 1872. dec31dlm

To Let.

To Let.

STORE AND ROOMS TO RENT IN A GOOD LOCATION Enquire of A ROBERTS, corner of Washington and First streets. jan1dlm

For Rent,

TWO NEAT COTTAGES, CONVENIENT to business
TO LEASE.—Several small farms near this city LANDS and TIMBER for sale. Terms to suit the times. Apply to me at the Law Office of Marquam & Beal, No. 143 Front st. P. A. MARQUAM.
dec31tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE!

The Iron Front of the Store
Formerly occupied by B. J. McCormick.
Front 35 Feet Wide, with four Doors.
Apply to C M. WIBERG, 131 Front st., Up Stairs.

FOR SALE!

A Hay Press,
A Little Safe,
About 1,200 pounds
WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH!
OR EXCHANGE for HAY or PRODUCE
Apply to EVERDING & FARRELL,
150 FRONT St., Portland

G. NEIMEYER,

Fashionable Tailor!
THIRD STREET,
BET ALDER and MORRISON,
ALL GOODS IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.
Suits Cut According to Latest Fashions
EXAMINE THE STOCK

To Exempt Firemen.

APPLICATIONS OF EXEMPT MEMBERS OF THE Fire Department for the new Exempt Certificates and Badges will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Fire Department for sixty days from the date hereof At the expiration of this time the Exempt Roll will be justified and the Certificates and Badges issued to those who have applied according to the seniority of their membership upon the Register C. BALL,
Secretary Portland Fire Department.
Portland, Feb 5, 1873 d2m

PRIDEAUX BROS.,

(Successor to P Nisbur)
Second St., bet. Stark and Oak,
CARRIAGE AND WAGON-MAKERS
And General Blacksmiths.
fb Jobbing promptly attended to d3m

BURTON & WILLIAMS,

ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENTS
ROOM No. 17,
DEKUM'S BUILDING.

Astoria Notice.

BRITISH SHIP "VICTORIA CROSS"—NEITHER the Captain nor the undersigned Consignees will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel 16d2t HEWETT, WILSON & CO

Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE NINTH day of November, my wife Mary E. Carlile left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, and that I will pay no debts contracted by her.
G P. CARLILE
Portland, Nov. 9, 1872 j20d6t

Amusements.

Celebration of the Anniversary

OF THE
GERMAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY!
Together with
BAZAR AND BALL,
To be held
Feb. 3d, 4th, 5th & 6th.
AT MASONIC HALL,
Cor. Third and Alder Sts.,
The Proceeds to be applied to the erection of
A GERMAN HOSPITAL IN THIS CITY.

Progamme:

Monday Evening, February 3d
Exhibition of PERSPINTS and PRIZES
8 o'clock CONCERT by the entire Gordes Band
Singing by the favorite TURNER Singing Section

Tuesday Evening, February 4th:
EXHIBITION, vocal and instrumental CONCERT, Commencing at eight o'clock

Wednesday Evening, February 5th.
EXHIBITION At eight o'clock the LOTTERY will commence
The Drawing apparatus consists of two Glass Wheels, one containing the numbers of Tickets sold, the other the numbers of the various Prizes After the drawing, DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR
Children Coming with Parents free.
Tickets will admit the bearer to admission to the Exhibition and Concerts, and also to such Prizes as may be drawn by the respective numbers.
REFRESHMENTS OF ALL KINDS,
During the Exhibition.
Reserved Seats for Ladies
THE HALL WILL BE TASTEFULLY DECORATED.

Thursday Evening, February 6th.
Grand Ball!
TICKETS (INCLUDING LADIES). . . $4 50

CARDINELL'S

Dancing Academy!
ASH STREET BET. FRONT & FIRST.
ROOM FOR MORE SCHOLARS.

PROF O S FOWLER OF NEW YORK AND BOSton, will lecture on PHRENOLOGY and HUMAN SCIENCE, through Oregon this winter. Courses of Lectures can be secured by addressing him at San Francisco, California ndlawlm

LAIDLAW & GATE,

Importers and Commission Merchants,
28 Front Street,
Offer for Sale
CALCUTTA DOUBLE SEWED GUNNY SACKS.
GILROY'S 22x36 GRAIN BAGS.
LEA & PERRIN'S
Worcestershire Sauce.
Pints and Half Pints.
MALT LIQUORS.
DEVENSHIRE CHAMPAGNE ALE,
ALLSOL'S INDIA PALE ALE,
BYASS' LONDON PORTER,
GUINNESS' DUBLIN STOUT.
WINES.
PORT—In octaves,
SHERRY—In octaves
WHISKY.
LOCHRUAN CAMPBELTON SCOTCH—In ¼ casks,
J. J. SEDGWICK & CO'S VIRGINIA RYE—In ¼ casks,
J BUMGARDNER'S OLD RYE—In ¼ casks and cases.
OTHER GOODS.
PEORIA STARCH,
J W. WISE & CO.'S VIRGINIA TOBACCO,
NO. 1 GENUINE PATNA RICE,
STARCH—Refined, Satin Glaze and Corn in box and crys.
LARD and MACHINERY OILS—In bbls and cases,
WOOLWORTH'S AXE HANDLES,
STANDARD SOAP CO.'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE, Erasive Pale, Pacific C. O., and Cool Water Bleaching
BEST AND TOILET SOAPS.
ALSO
Florida Water.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH GOODS! Shortly to arrive.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments
Of Wheat, Flour and other Produce,
ORDERS FOR FOREIGN MERCHANDISE
Executed on Advantageous Terms

I MEAN IT!

H. Sinsheimer,

FIRST, BET. TAYLOR AND SALMON,
Is Selling
AT COST!
His entire Stock of New and Second Hand
Pianos,
Organs, and
Musical Goods.
THIS IS THE LAST CHANCE!
Repairing & Tuning!
DONE PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY.

GOLD, VARNISH, SATIN, AND OTHER WALL PAPER, Window Shades,

Etc., Etc.—for sale by
GEORGE L. STORY
48 Front Street.

WELCH & MORGAN,

Cor. Yamhill & Front St.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLES, HARNESS,
KERRY'S GENUINE
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER.
ALSO
Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.
☞ We warrant all articles, which we sell at LOWEST RATES

J N DOLPH P C BRONAUGH C A DOLPH JOS SIMON.

Dolph, Bronaugh, Dolph & Simon,

Attorneys-at-Law,
ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE, PORTLAND, OREGON
jan1dtf

Shade Trees.

WE PROPOSE TO FURNISH AND put out Shade Trees, and will also furnish SOD TOP-SOIL and MANURE to those desiring to set out TREES and GARDENS. Will also accept orders for
GRADING AND STREET WORK.
Residence near cor Fifth and Caruthers sts.

Standard Mills FLOUR.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THIS FAVORite brand of Flour, which we offer to the trade to suit purchasers.
ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents.

Great Reduction in Tariff over Western Union Telegraph Lines.

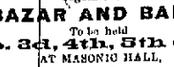
ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1ST, 1873, THE Tariff from any Western Union office to any other Western Union office, will not exceed **Two Dollars and Fifty Cents for Ten Words.** This includes Eastern as well as Coast dispatches
fe6d1m JAMES GAMBLE, Gen'l Superintendent

Prof. Wm. H. Ayler

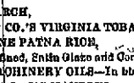
HAS REMOVED HIS SPLENDID BARBER SHOP from Pittock's Block to No. 88 First street, (formerly Gibbs's Saloon) where he is ready to accommodate the public in Shaving, Hair Cutting, shampooing, etc., done in a manner warranted to give satisfaction Prices cheap. Give him a call j30w1

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship 
AJAX
FRED HOLLES . . Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port
WEDNESDAY, FEB 19TH, 1873.
At 4 o'clock P M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets
GEO W. WEIDLER, Agent,

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia and Victoria.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller 
GUSSIE TELFAIR,
JOHN HAYES. .....Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1873,
At 4 o'clock P. M.
Foreign cargo must be cleared by shipper before 12 o'clock on sailing day
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.
GEO W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

Carrying the United States Mail.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller
GEO. S. WRIGHT,
L. J. AINSLEY..... Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports, on
SATURDAY, FEB. 1, 1873.
At 4 o'clock, P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

NOTICE.

Office of Oregon Steamship Company,
PORTLAND, July 11, 1872.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE STEAMERS of the Oregon Steamship Company will carry no passengers from Astoria to Portland.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC BOOT & SHOE STORE

GEO. A. PEASE,

Successor to
PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,
S W. CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

BARR & KINGSLEY.

Have opened a FULL STOCK of
Boots and Shoes
AT
No. 185 First St.

HERE WE ARE.

E. Cahalin & Co.,
Have opened what
BOOTS AND SHOES
They saved from the fire in the
Theater Building.
AND
MORE TO BE ADDED.
SELLING AT COST FOR CASH!

H. STITZEL,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER!
Will be found on
26 Stark, bet. First and Second streets.
HIS FRIENDS AND PUBLIC WILL PLEASE CALL and see him.

Millinery Goods.

P. VAN FRIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS STORE.
No. 79 First Street,
DEKUM'S BUILDING.

McLERAN'S MILLS,

Front St., Portland.
McLERAN & STEEL, Prop'rs.
We are manufacturing
A SUPERIOR QUALITY,
And offer for sale
Wholesale and Retail,

EXTRA FLOUR	OAT MEAL (Superfine),
SUPERFINE FLOUR,	OAT GROATS,
GRAHAM FLOUR,	SPLIT PEAS,
RYE FLOUR,	CRACKED WHEAT,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,	CORN MEAL, Yellow and White,
HOMINY, Large and Small,	BRAN,
MIDDLINGS AND CHOPS.	

WE EMPLOY A MAN FROM SCOTLAND, WHO thoroughly understands the business. A kiln has been recently built for drying grain, so that we can guarantee our Oat Meal to keep for years in a fresh state ☞ The Trade Supplied at lowest living rates Orders Solicited.

FLIEDNER BROS.,

FIRST STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,
Opposite the Odd Fellows' Temple,
Have just opened ONE OF THE FINEST
Hair Dressing & Shaving Saloons
ON THE PACIFIC COAST.
ALSO
Bath Rooms!
IN EXCELLENT STYLE,
And for the accommodation of LADIES and FAMILIES.
Private Entrance for Ladies on Alder Street, between Front and First

C. J. GRAHAM,

The Pioneer Barber!
Has opened
ON MORRISON STREET,
ONE DOOR WEST OF FIRST.
OLD CUSTOMERS AND NEW ONES WILL BE AT home at his place
ORDERS FOR MUSIC & PROMPTING
WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

City Box Factory,

SCHEURER & COYNE, Proprietors,
Central Steam Saw Mills, east side Front street between Madison and Jefferson
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING ALL KINDS of Packing Boxes, using Spruce Fit, or any other kind of lumber desired Orders promptly attended to, and boxes delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

REMOVAL!

Francis A. Effinger,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
Cor. Front and Stark,
fe6d1m PORTLAND, OREGON

B. L. Stone 111 First st

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets,
AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL CHANDISE AND HORSES
Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.
aug26 A. B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

At Private Sale.
Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
To parties declining Housekeeping I will mention that I will Purchase Second-Hand Furniture
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
GROCERIES,
FURNITURE,
DRY GOODS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
I WILL SELL AT MY AUCTION SALESROOM ON account of whom it may concern, slightly damaged,
SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.

Groceries:
25 half bbls ISLAND SUGAR,
223 bxs C O SOAP,
70 bxs S. H. SOAP,
25 bxs APRICOT TOBACCO,
120 cases ASSORTED FRUITS.
ALSO
23 half bbls XXX WHISKY,
20 cases BITTERS,
20 cases EYE OPENER.
ALSO
Dry Goods,
ALSO
Furniture.
A. B RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO.
The California Lloyds,
ESTABLISHED IN.....1861.
NOS. 415 AND 416 CALIFORNIA ST.
Cash Capital.....$750,000 gold
Assets Exceed.....$1,000,000 coin
FAIR RATES,
PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY.
HENRY FAILING,
Resident Director at Portland, Oreg
EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS,
General Agent.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital.... $1,000,000

JOHN H. REDINGTON	President
GEO. H. HOWARD	Vice President
CHAS. R. STORY	Secretary
N. R. EDDY	Marine Secretary
H. H. HOWARD	General Manager

DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, R. Goldsmith, D. Maclay, Lloyd Brooke
SALEM—H. F. Grover
ALBANY—J. A. Crawford
DALLES—D. M. French
LEWISTON—J. Loewenberg
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.

C. S. STEVENS,

No. 136 First street,
HAS RECEIVED, PER LAST STEAMERS, A GENeral assortment of merchandise, consisting in part of
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCA,
EMPRESS CLOTH,
PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
FAMILY BLANKETS, BED COMFORTS, etc., etc.
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
Also a good assortment of
BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS,
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR, etc., etc.
All of which will be sold
Cheap for Cash.
Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

ESCAPED!

The Carpet Emporium of
WALTER BROS.,
HAS BEEN SAVED!
CALL IN AND SEE THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
PAPER-HANGINGS,
UPHOLSTERY GOODS
And the patterns in
TART-E-CLOTHS.

F GOLDSMITH J. LOEWENBERG.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

(*Successors to FREIDMAN & CO.,*)
32 & 34 Front St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block,
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES. METALS.
AND
TINMEN'S STOCK.
AGENCY FOR
TILTON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES.

NATIONAL BUSIN

...nd Commission.

...ICHARDSON,
...IONEER
...ront and Oak Streets.

...ION SALES
GROCERIES GENERAL
...SE AND HORSES

...dnesday and Saturday,
...B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

...ivate Sale.
...of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
...ER MADE ON CONSIGNMENT
...ousekeeping I will mention that
...land Furniture
...B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...d Peremptory Sale
OF
...RIES.
...ITURE,
...GOODS,
...ERAL MERCHANDISE,
...MY AUCTION SALESROOM ON
...t may concern, slightly damaged,
...AY, FEB. 8, 1873,
...0 o'clock, A. M.
...roceries:
...AND SUGAR,
...P,
...TOBACCO,
...ED FRUITS.
ALSO:
...X WHISKY,
...NER.
ALSO:
...y Goods.
ALSO:
...niture.
...HARDSON Auctioneer

...e Insurance.
...MARINE INSURANCE
...NION
...ce Company
...AN FRANCISCO.
...lifornia Lloyds,
...D IN.....1861.
...D 416 CALIFORNIA ST.
.....$750,000 gold
...d.....$1,000,000 coin

...TTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY.
...Y FAILING,
...at Portland, Oregon.
...N D. BACKENSTOS,
General Agent.

...OM &
...SURANCE COMPANY
...N FRANCISCO.
...MARINE INSURANCE.
... $1.000.000
...ON.....President.
.....Vice President.
.....Secretary.
.....Marine Secretary.
.....General Manager.

...EGTORS:
...gen Branch.
...erman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith;
...ackley, Lloyd Brooke.
.....L. F. Grover.
.....J. A. Crawford.
.....D. M. French.
.....J. Loewenberg.
HAMILTON BOYD,
Pregon and Washington Territory.

...SILVER,
...6 First street,
...PER LAST STEAMERS, A GEN-
...of merchandise, consisting in part
COLORED ALPACCA,
...H,
...TWILLED RED FLANNEL,
...FLANNEL,
...LY BLANKETS, RED COMFORTS,
..., etc.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
...ept of
...BOOTS, HATS and CAPS,
...and DOVE CLOTHING and
...DERWEAR, etc., etc.
...e sold
...p for Cash.
...mine before purchasing elsewhere.

...APED!
...Carpet Emporium of
...ER BROS.,
...EEN SAVED!
...KEN THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF
...TS,
...CLOTHS,
...N-HANGINGS,
...PHOLSTERY GOODS
...at the patterns in
...E-CLOTHS.
...I. LOEWENBERG.
...& LOEWENBERG,
...to FREIDMAN & CO.,)
...t St., O. S. N. Co.'s Block,
...ers and Dealers in
...S. METALS.
AND
...EN'S STOCK.
AGENCY FOR
...M'FARLAND'S SAFES.

...BUSINESS COLLEGE!
...irst & Alder,
...OFFICE BLOCK,
...LAND, OREGON
...INSTITUTION IS IN SESSION
...ad Evening!
...MITTED ON ANY WEEK DAY.
...or address
DEVRANCE & JAMES.

...ABRE,
...al Market!
...has enlarged his
...EE STAND,
AND
...ch Improvements
...will enable him to
...S WITH BEST IN THE MARKET
...AND HEALTH IN
...GOOD
...SCREW WIRE
...AND SHOES.
...and last twice as long.

...elen's Hall.
...CONDTERM
...OL YEAR will begin on the
...f February.
...jl2d&w1m
...Reward
...EN TO ANY PERSON FOR THE
...and conviction of any person found
...root oil lamps
R. HENDRIX.
...d1w
...873.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 6, 1873

CITY.

GERMAN FAIR AND FESTIVAL.

The attendance last evening at the Masonic Hall was considerably in excess of the two previous evenings. Notwithstanding the storminess of the night the large room was packed almost to suffocation by the eager crowds of ladies and gentlemen. In the regular order of the programme last night was set apart for the drawing of the prizes. The lottery was the most exciting event of the fair and festival, and consequently augmented the interest and drew hundreds of people. The aisles were densely thronged with spectators and holders of tickets, and a great degree of good natured excitement prevailed during the drawing of the prizes. The drawing began at 8 o'clock, and was not concluded until after 10 o'clock. For over two hours the numbers were called off as rapidly as possible, during which time the interest of the spectators and holders of tickets never abated for a moment. At last when the tellers called out the last prize, the cheers and stamping of feet fairly shook the building. Of course those who were the fortunate winners felt jubilant, and those who failed to draw prizes pocketed their disappointment good naturedly. A short intermission was taken several times during the evening, and Cordes' band, which was in attendance, improved the opportunities by discoursing some enlivening strains of music.

TWO THOUSAND

prize tickets were issued, and several hundred prizes given. The drawing was performed in the fairest manner possible, and could not offer a possible chance of taking advantage. The drawing apparatus consisted of two wheels, the sides of which were made of wire gauze, with a little trap door on one side of the rims. These wheels were mounted on a frame and were attached to a crank. One wheel contained the number of prize tickets from one to two thousand; the other wheel the number of prizes distributed. On each side of the wheels a little girl was placed. A man would revolve the wheels several times, mix the tickets thoroughly, the trap door would be opened and each little girl, in plain view of all the crowd, would reach her hand in, pick up a single ballot and hand it to the tellers on each side, who would announce the numbers in succession. All the movements connected with the drawing process was in plain view of every person in the room, and was conducted "strictly on the square."

To-day the prizes will be distributed to those who have been the lucky drawers, at the hall between the hours of 10 A. M., and 1 P. M. This evening a grand ball will wind up the German Fair and Festival, given at the Masonic Hall.

PRIZE NUMBERS.

Below we publish the numbers drawing prizes:

Ticket.	Prize.	Ticket.	Prize.	Ticket.	Prize.	Ticket.	Prize.
516	241	904	142	784	253	1141	43
1421	95	435	111	583	190	1680	98
1305	152	1501	18	633	43	315	287
104	197	650	181	585	160	326	254
1975	129	793	145	638	194	1671	150
673	220	1023	13	1830	23	540	211
49	161	1292	67	701	185	1291	239
1725	62	1727	122	483	169	1974	42
1713	206	522	179	910	112	1709	93
1490	51	642	90	831	90	76	265
525	269	1934	87	1679	253	1057	70
1502	102	1235	43	1639	1	1248	137
1270	227	720	145	883	159	1329	165
141	5	1067	121	684	224	177	52
1410	109	1481	118	1257	204	439	106
1707	257	295	162	490	94	899	56
1725	70	923	7	438	156	1117	172
445	11	1374	210	99	119	548	35
1705	264	937	36	1107	85	1922	21
1560	59	1144	108	1018	45	1815	230
723	125	1727	10	1403	131	209	103
559	170	636	199	338	226	1501	167
1100	92	1733	174	1730	164	1041	140
1350	138	243	30	1129	50	1893	202
91	105	298	107	194	183	294	169
1307	124	423	167	846	134	1263	3
115	29	244	234	511	98	1642	194
1383	132	2020	171	1051	143	1971	17
844	117	1755	83	717	228	1460	178
374	115	538	19	1619	61	755	239
1410	240	1628	236	1767	177	83	33
1087	77	1511	130	93	75	1185	152
921	176	899	123	1889	138	774	234
1500	223	1737	80	891	60	1761	20
2137	115	1170	98	1527	27	1923	231
666	248	842	193	29	9	1535	120
1374	229	1540	257	420	134	316	153
820	8	926	82	1539	228	387	225
1538	236	197	127	926	168	1580	86
1500	109	947	103	594	208	1058	41
453	196	1812	214	252	202	206	155
902	40	706	84	1100	37	160	25
198	23	881	151	744	228	71	20
172	95	1572	236	709	68	1543	259
1638	219	899	184	200	165	1722	64
1221	78	10	74	1231	39	1903	143
158	208	1382	155	1735	256	1607	90
84	114	1838	181	734	193	880	267
1320	83	379	91	93	18	1247	15
1413	288	714	201	291	149	1409	71
1538	139	1120	252	1361	213	1095	203
1529	139	1031	101	21	253	1441	147
697	81	1107	213	964	60	682	47
1511	83	502	102	1483	187	1916	104
789	2	1091	7	116	211	1840	47
1477	6	959	233	114	200	921	104
1254	113	936	184	1583	253	462	66
1758	196	1835	186	1960	168	1501	172
1134	128	1896	91	164	259	425	14
1979	126	878	239	60	61	944	15
928	64	134	191	443	68	267	208
906	78	28	72	581	6	341	224
1272	144	1236	24	693	97	1093	242
1954	251	1173	87	145	139	1294	228
1320	28	237	55	1756	225	1635	241
204	135	229	36	1157	22	1269	218
807	110	1926	216	887	235		
983	260,	218	32	1371	260		

BARK CARIBOO.—The English bark *Caribou*, Capt. R. B. Wood, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon from the mouth of the Columbia, in tow of the tug *Astoria*. The bark is direct from Hongkong, in ballast. She is under charter to Messrs. Rodgers, Meyer & Co., to carry a load of wheat to the United Kingdom. The bark sailed from Hongkong for Portland on the 24th of last October. Constant heavy gales compelled the vessel to put back to port. On the 18th of November, she again sailed and arrived off the bar a few days ago. During the voyage, which must have proved rough, the vessel lost a portion of her foremast, and sustained some damage to her rigging. The *Cariboo* was built at Quebec in 1870. Her entire length is 155 feet, breadth of beam, 32 feet; and depth of hold, 20.5 feet. The registered capacity is 697.44 tons. The ballast consists of stone brought from Hongkong. At present the bark lies at anchor opposite Flanders' wharf, there being no berth at the dock. When an opportunity presents, the bark will begin to discharge ballast and will have rapid dispatch for England.

CANE AND FISHING ROD.—One of the latest inventions of the combination of the useful and ornamental was shown us yesterday. It consisted of a neat walking cane and fishing rod combined. The workmanship is so perfect that in either of the dual forms of which it is capable of assuming it is well calculated to impose on the credulity of the person who may inspect it. For instance, when the rod is folded up or "telescoped," it would be a difficult matter to imagine that the handsome cane could be converted into a fishing rod. To bring about the transformation all that is necessary to do is to unscrew a little brass tap at the lower end of the cane, and blow a vigorous breath into a small aperture at the upper end of the stick. The sections of the rod yielding to the wind shoot out until a fishing pole fifteen feet in length, and of very slender and tapering proportions is produced in a twinkle. A crooked handle at the butt end, convenient for the fingers to grasp, and the brass tap at the small end, perfect the deception.

AT REDUCED RATES.—We are requested to give publicity to the fact that arrangements have been made by which the delegates duly elected and attending the State Temperance Alliance, to be held in Salem commencing on the 20th inst., can do so at reduced rates of passage, by the kind generosity of both the O. S. N. Co. and O. & C. R. R. Co. Each delegate should take a certificate of election, to present to the Ticket Agent of the Railroad Company to obtain a ticket at reduced rates. And upon presentation at the Portland office of the O. S. N. Co. of a certificate properly signed by the officers of the Alliance of his election as such delegate, he will be furnished with a free pass by the Company's boats on his way home.

MORE LOGS.—The tug *Ben Holladay* returned from down the river on Tuesday evening having in tow a large raft of logs belonging to the Portland Saw-Mill. This raft completes all the fugitive logs which escaped between Christmas and New Year's at the time of the freshet, or at least all that have been recovered thus far. All the logs which have been recovered from the lower saw-mill are secured against high water. When the river falls and the current abates its force these logs will be towed up to the city.

WALLAMET BRIDGE.—Major Robert, of the United States Corps of Engineers, began to establish the lower line of the Wallamet bridge, which is ten feet above extreme high water mark, yesterday morning. We are informed that work will be commenced in earnest on the proposed structure on Monday, February 17, 1873.

ELECTION AMONG FIREMEN.—The annual election of officers to serve the different fire companies for the ensuing year, will be held at the various engine houses this evening. Each company will meet and elect the following officers: Foreman, First and Second Assistants, President, Secretary and Treasurer. In addition to the above officers, each of the companies are required by law to elect three members of the Board of Delegates, making, in all, fifteen members. These newly elected or re elected members, as the case may be, are required to meet on Thursday evening, 13th inst., and effect a permanent organization by the election of a President and Secretary, who shall constitute the officers of the Portland Fire Department for the ensuing year.

FLOODED STREETS.—To say that the streets and those portions of the sidewalks situated below the high water mark, were in a submerged condition last night, would but feebly express the fact. The streets and cross walks were in many places converted to lakes and "pedestrianing" was an impossible feat. The rain descended literally in sheets for several hours with unabated fury, and as a natural sequence, something less than a hundred million barrels of water were precipitated on First and Front streets in its pathway to the raging Wallamet. The night was of a character fully justifying the remark that it was pleasant to sleep, but demotion damp and disagreeable to stray forth for an evening promenade.

UNDER THE NEW LAW.—In accordance with the new law enacted at the last session of the Legislature, the County Commissioners met yesterday, as provided, on the Wednesday following the first Monday of the month. The two first days of the term—Monday and Tuesday—are devoted to law and chancery matters, and the remainder of the week, or as many days as may be necessary, the Commissioners are engaged in attending to other county business. The present term of the Court promises to be a busy one. Among other business the annual reports of twenty-four Road Supervisors are to be received, and that number are to be appointed.

DAMAGE REPAIRED.—At the time the ship *Rhone* was detained off the bar she lost an anchor and many feet of her cable. A portion of the anchor windlass was carried away, and the "horse pipe" torn out by the violence with which the links of the ponderous chain passed through. Carpenters have been engaged for several days in repairing the damage done. Aside from the loss of the anchor and cable the damages were comparatively trivial, and a few days will suffice to place the forward part of the vessel in as staunch condition as before the occurrence.

LOADING FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—The steamer *California* was towed yesterday from the lower sawmill, where that vessels has been undergoing repairs and an overhauling, to the east side wharf. She will have quick dispatch for San Francisco with a cargo of freight. Since but three steamers have been on the line between that port and Portland, freight has accumulated until it became necessary to put on temporarily another steamer. We learn that the *California* has been placed on the line for the present until the rush of freight is over.

ROCK BALLAST UTILIZED.—The stone which is heaved on the wharf from the holds of the several vessels engaged in discharging ballast, is being utilized in filling up various depressions of streets. Contractors are only too glad of the opportunity of hauling the rock away as rapidly as it is thrown out from the vessels, and using it to fill up streets with. By this means the wharf is cleared of the stone without cost to the shipowners, and the street contractors reap the benefits by removing it.

MACHINERY ON BOARD.—The engines belonging to the new dredger, which have been finished for some time, were placed on board the craft yesterday. Several persons are engaged in putting the machinery together, setting the engines in proper position, etc., under the general supervision of Major Robert, and immediate superintendency of Mr. Becannon. Everything will be in complete working condition by the time the stage of water will allow the dredger to resume operations.

DALLES MILITARY WAGON ROAD COMPANY.—A regular meeting of the stockholders of the above named Company was held at the Dalles on last Monday evening. The following Directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: O. S. Savage, O. Humason, Al. Zieber, M. Nye, M. Seller. Subsequently the Board of Directors met and organized by the election of O. S. Savage, President; O. Humason, Vice President; O. W. Weaver, Secretary; and W. Grant, Treasurer.

A PLEASANT TIME.—The dancing party which was given at Vancouver on Tuesday evening was numerously attended, and proved a most enjoyable occasion to all participants. About seventy couple were present. Dancing was indulged in freely until an early hour the following morning.

AT THE EAST SIDE.—The bark *Barracouta* is now at the east side wharf. She has nearly completed her cargo, and will soon be ready to sail down the river. Five hundred tons of flour will be taken on board to complete the load.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Flooded streets.

What did you draw?

Too much rain for comfort last night.

Vote for the best man to-night—ye who are firemen.

The sixth fire company will be a fixture at an early day.

To sail for the Golden City—the *California*, to-morrow evening.

The Father Matthew Society will meet to-night at the usual hour.

The rain didn't keep people away from the prize drawing at Masonic Hall.

The next term of Portland Academy and Female Seminary will begin on Monday, 10th inst.

Street cars stopped running at an early hour last evening—at least we did not see any at nine o'clock.

Steamer *Ajax* will probably sail for this port to-day from San Francisco. She is announced to return on the 12th inst.

Call at the Masonic Hall between ten and one to-day and get your prize—if you are the possessor of a lucky number.

We pitied one little fellow at the drawing of prizes last evening. The tears dropped from his eyes as the numbers grew less and when the last one was drawn he went away feeling sorry at his misfortune.

Harry Howard and Johnny Tours, once members of the Theater Comique Troupe in this city, had a rough and tumble fight in San Francisco recently. A pistol in the hands of Tours "went off," the ball taking effect in the person of a by stander, which resulted fatally.

Miss Susan Denin (sister of Kate) is now playing at St. Paul, Minn. Of her acting, the *Press* says: "Miss Denin's rendition of the infamous Lucretia Borgia, was a master piece of acting. She lost herself in the character she was sustaining, and for the time the charming lady was a woman in whose breast there raged a tempest of evil passions; a beautiful fiend, almost, whose only redeeming trait was her love for her unhappy son. Her acting was superb throughout. She was the tender, loving mother, one moment, and the human tigress bent on revenge at any cost, the next.

PERSONAL.

Hon. T. B. Odeneal, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, is in the city.

Sheriff Tozier, of Washington county, reports one-fourth of the taxes yet unpaid. County warrants are taken at par for all taxes.

Capt Peter Mackay will command the steamer *California*, which is placed on the line between this city and San Francisco, during the rush of freight.

Treasurer Jackson, of Washington county, will receive county warrants in payment of interest on moneys borrowed from the irreducible School Fund of the county.

Mr. Charles Marvin has returned from a trip through California. He has been absent about two months. He expresses himself as being highly pleased to get back to Wolfoot.

The lecture of Dr Bailey, at Hillsboro, was a very satisfactory effort to all who heard him. The next in the course will be delivered by Rev G. W. Izor, of Portland, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 18th.

Printers generally have been put under many obligations by the advertising firm of Geo P Rowell & Co., Advertising Agents, New York, for their prompt and courteous manner of doing business. We doubt whether just blame can in any single instance be laid on them for dereliction of duty or the non fulfillment of the terms of any contract.—*Exchange.*

COMMON COUNCIL.

REGULAR MEETING, FEB. 5, 1873.

The Common Council of the City of Portland met pursuant to ordinance.

Present—Councilmen Besser, Burton, Caywood, Congle, Hallock, Hill, Moreland, Russell and Story.

His Honor Mayor Wasserman being absent the Council was called to order by W. S. Caldwell Auditor and Clerk.

On motion Councilman Hallock was chosen President pro tem.

The minutes of the meetings of January 22d and 29th were approved.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS ETC.

A communication from the Portland Bridge Company, notifying the Council that said company had adopted the modifications proposed by the Secretary of War and were ready to proceed with the work and requesting official information of the approval of the Common Council, read and laid on the table.

Petition of S. M. Lyon and others asking that the City Pound be removed was read and placed on file.

Petition of J. C. Moore and others concerning the city lamps, read and referred to Committee on Streets and Public Property.

Petition of G. W. Vaughn and others asking for the postponement of the ordinance now pending before the Council defining fire limits, read and referred to a Select Committee consisting of Councilmen Story, Congle and Hill.

A communication from the Board of Delegates reporting the Constitution of Tiger Engine Co., No. 5, was read and laid on the table.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported that they had decided adverse to certain claims for reduction of assessments for city taxes. Report adopted.

The Committee on Judiciary was allowed one week's further time to report on the communication of Arthur Fablo.

The Committee on River Improvements reported that they had received the dredger belonging to the city, from Major Robert. Report filed.

OFFICERS' REPORTS.

The Chief Engineer reported certain fire hydrants out of order. Report referred to Committee on Fire and Water.

The City Surveyor reported a plan of a suitable intersection of First and North First streets. The report was referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY.

The following claims against the city were ordered paid: Labbe Bros., $4; St. Louis Restaurant, $3 50; S. G. Skidmore, $6 50; Portland Light Battery, $25; E. Bernard, $5; Dr. F. W. Schule, $125, Dr. W. H. Watkins, $125, Oregon Iron Works, $15 50; Smith Bros., $2 50; Smith Bros., $14 25, Holman & Co., $3; S. G. Bunting, $3 25; W. H. Daly, $15 50; Northrup & Thompson, $10 39, Johnson & Favre, $10, A. G. Walling, $17, Weaver Taylor & Co. $1,901 75, R. Hendrie, $365 40; Portland Gas Light Company, $517 30; J. H. Butler, $32, W. Glasco, $9; H. W. Corbett, $20; Portland Gas Co., $21 41; *Herald* Printing Company, $23 75; A. J. Gray, $10; J. F. Curtis, $2 50; J. R. Foster, $11 25; J. Donnerburg, $9 79; Police Commissioners, $117; D. Evans & Co., $85, currency, referred to Committee on H. & P.; Portland Gas Light Co., $65 05; Bradon & Winnie, $84 50; Merrison & Godley, $368 80, Wells, Fargo & Co., $4 25.

The bill of D. Evans & Co., $85 currency, was read and referred to the Committee on Health and Police.

ORDINANCES.

An ordinance relating to the plans of a bridge across the Willamette river, read first and second time, rules suspended, ordinance read third time and passed.

An ordinance admitting Tiger Fire Co. No. 5 into the Portland Fire Department, read first and second time and laid over.

An ordinance authorizing the construction of a fire cistern at the corner of Sixth and Main streets, read second and third times and passed.

An ordinance to provide for a proper system of sewage and drainage, was read third time and passed—yeas 5, nays 3, Mr. President pro tem not voting. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the ordinance was passed was made, and a motion to lay the motion to reconsider on the table was also made, and both motions lost.

An ordinance appropriating $400 to purchase fire hose, read third time and passed.

An ordinance establishing certain grades, read third time and passed.

An ordinance relating to fire limits, was referred to the select committee, Councilmen Story, Congle and Hill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The City Surveyor was instructed to survey and make profiles of the proper grade for L, M, N, P, Q, R and S streets.

The City Auditor was authorized to issue warrants for the collection of delinquent street assessments.

The Committee on Streets and Public Property was instructed to assign room No. 16, Council Chamber building, to the use of Mr. Habersham, who is employed to make plans for a system of sewage for the city.

The City Surveyor was instructed to survey and report the plan of the proposed extension of West Main street.

The Committee on Streets and Public Property and Chief Engineer were instructed to have a coat of paint put on the south wall of the engine house of Protection Co. No. 4.

A resolution instructing the City Surveyor to survey, make plans, and report the same to the Common Council on the subject of straightening First and North First streets, at and near their intersection, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets and Public Property.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Committee on Fire and Water to confer with the Portland Water Company on the question of a better water supply in case of fire, and also to confer with said Company on the question of purchasing their water works by the city, ascertain the price therefor and report the same to the Council.

The Committee on Judiciary and the Auditor were instructed to have the City Charter and Ordinances, now in force, printed in the City Directory for 1873, in accordance with the proposition of Messrs. McCormick and Bushnell.

On motion the Council adjourned.

THE FISHERIES AND OYSTER TRADE.—A gentleman, just returned from a trip to the fisheries and Shoalwater Bay, has furnished us with the follow items relative to affairs down the river, and over at Oysterville:

Watson Bros. have begun work on their large canning establishment at the Manhattan Fishery, six miles below Westport. They will continue putting up fish in barrels for the trade, and propose doing an extensive business this season. Robert Hume, at Bay View, is enlarging his business, and the trade along the river is looking up materially. Vessels stop at the fisheries occasionally and take large cargoes for San Francisco and foreign ports. Considerable quantities of salmon, fresh and packed, are sent to Portland.

Hapgood, Hume & Co. and George Hume completed the pile driving for new wharves at Eagle Cliff on Tuesday. The storehouses and other buildings at this point are being enlarged and improved. Both firms are busily engaged in the manufacture of cans for putting up salmon, and the business promises to be larger this spring than during any previous season. John West & Co., of Westport, are also paying much attention to the manufacturing of cans for packing purposes.

J. D. Holman of Portland, is laying out a new plat of a town near Unity, W. T. A number of Portlanders have signified their intention of building summer residences in the new town, which is located in a pleasant spot, and where all that any one could desire in the game and fish line can be found.

A company of thirty oystermen have organized at Oysterville to engage in the oyster business on a large scale. The affairs of the organization have not yet assumed a perfect shape, but in a short time the company will be shipping quantities of the bivalves to San Francisco and Portland.

Hon. Thomas Hodgkins is constructing an extensive fish trap at Oak Point. Messrs. McGraw & Barche, of the same place, are also putting in a trap for a like purpose. The average catch daily during a freshet is about 500 fish, and at times 1,000 have been caught.

J. Hunter, Esq., has sold his interest in the firm of Espy & Co. to Judge Griswold of Oysterville, and will shortly engage in the stock raising business at some other point.

Our informant says a more beautiful sight has seldom been witnessed than that on last Wednesday week, when five vessels crossed the bar under full sail following each other closely.

The weather in and about Oysterville has been much colder the past week than during any previous winter.

J. Dillard Holman is lighthouse keeper at Cape Shoalwater.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY is a "combination and a form indeed" for healing and curing diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. It cures a cough, by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, thus removing the cause, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the disease behind.

NEW BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY.

The following list of books just added to the Library, will be ready for circulation in a few days:

How I found Livingstone. Travels, Adventures and Discoveries in Central Africa, including an account of four months residence with Dr. Livingstone; by Henry Stanley, traveling correspondent of the New York *Herald*.

The Life of William Alexander, Earl of Stirling, Major General in the Army of the United States during the Revolution; by his grandson, Wm Alexander Duer, LL.D.

A New Universal Gazetteer or Geographical Dictionary; by Jedidiah Morse, D.D. A. S. S., S. H. S. Richard Morse.

Captain J. K. Tuckey's Expedition to the Laire, usually called Congo, in South Africa, in 1816.

The Territory of Florida, or Sketches of the Topography, Civil and Natural History of the Country, Climate and Indian tribes, with maps and views, by John Lee Williams.

Spain Revised, by the author of "A Year in Spain,"—2 vols.

Travels in Siberia, including Excursions Northward down the Obi to the Polar Circle and Southwards to the Chinese frontier, by Adolph Erman—2 vols.

A Winter in the West, by a New Yorker—2 vols.

A Visit to Texas, being the Journal of a Traveller through those parts most interesting to American settlers, with description of scenery and habits.

Country Margins and Rambles of a Journalist; by S. H. Hammond.

A Winter in Madeira and a Summer in Spain and Florence; by John A. Dix.

Forest Life. A Fisherman's Sketches in Norway and Sweden; by Rev. Henry Newland.

Sicily. A Pilgrimage, by Henry T. Tuckerman.

The Romance of Yachting, by Joseph C. Hart.

Journal of an African Cruiser, by an officer of the U. S. Navy. Edited by Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Bubbles from the Brunnow of Nassau, by An Old Man.

Travels in the United States during 1849–'50, by the Lady Emmeline Stuart Wortley.

Letters from Italy; by J. T. Headley.

Hochelaga, or England in the New World. Edited by Eliot Warburton, Esq.

Letters from the United States, Cuba and Canada, by the Hon. Amelia M. Murray.

A New Home—Who'll Follow, or Glimpses of Western Life, by Mrs. Mary Clickens.

Familiar Letters to Henry Clay of Kentucky, describing a Winter in the West Indies; by Jos. John Gurney.

A Faggot of French Sticks; or Paris in 1851; by Sir Francis Head.

A Selection from the Public and Private Correspondence of Vice Admiral Lord Collingwood, with Memoirs of his Life; by L. Newnham Collingwood, Esq.

A Memorial of Ambrose Spencer.

The Social History of Great Britain during the reigns of the Stuarts, beginning with the Seventeenth Century; by Wm. Goodwin.

History of the late Polish Insurrection and the events of the Campaign; by Joseph Hordynski.

The Companion. After Dinner Table Talk; by Chatwynd Evelyn, Esq.

Natural History of the Fishes of Massachusetts, with Essay on Angling; by Jerome V. C. Smith, M. D.

Talks on Women's Topics; by Jennie Juno.

The Character of the Gentleman; by Francis Lieber.

Walker's Manly Exercise; containing Rowing, Sailing, Riding, Driving, Racing, Hunting and Shooting.

Dr. Oldham at Greystones and his talk there.

City Poems; by Alexander Smith.

The Bothie of Toper na Fuosich. A Long Vacation Pastoral; by Arthur Hugh Clough.

The Posthumous Works of the late Right Reverend John Henry Hobart, D. D.—3 vols.

Obligations of the World to the Bible; by Gardiner Spring.

The End of Religious Controversy; Rev. John Milner.

Memoir of Mrs. S. L. Smith; by Edward W. Hooker.

Galetier and Gravilier; by Horace Smith.

Greenbank's Periodical Library, containing a re publication of New and Standard Works—2 vols.

American Institutions and their Influence; by Alexis De Torqueville.

Astoria; by Washington Irving—2 vols.

History of the Antiquity and Present state of London, Westminster and Borough of Southwark; John Moxinghi, L. M.

A Guide to the Antiquities of Winchester; W. Savage.

Black's Tourist's Guide to Derbyshire; its Tours, Watering Places, Dales and Mansions.

Murray's Hand book of Modern London.

Genoa and Florence.

Poems of Home and Travel; by Bayard Taylor.

Songs of Labor and other Poems; by John G. Whittier.

The Song of Hiawatha; by Henry Wadeworth Longfellow.

Stories from Blackwood's Magazine.

Men's Wives; by W. M. Thackery.

Essays from the London *Times*.

Papers from the London *Quarterly Review*.

An Essay on the Kingdom of New Spain; by Alexander De Humboldt—2 vols.

Scenes of the Civil War in Hungary in 1848–'9, with the Personal Adventures of an Austrian officer.

History of England from the Invasion of Julius Cæsar to the Revolution of 1688; by J. David Hume—4 vols; continued by Smollett to the death of George II—2 vols, and completed by R. Bissett to the death of George III—3 vols.

History of the State of New York; James Macaulay—3 vols.

The Old Man' Sollis Secret, after the German of E. Marlitt.

The Wychlifites: or England in the Fifteenth Century; by Mrs. Colonel Mackay.

DeProfundis. A Tale of Social Deposits; by Wm Gilbert.

Popular Tales from the Norse; by Geo. Webbe Dasent.

Skirmishing; by the author of "Who Breaks, Pays."

The Attorney; or the Correspondence of John Quod.

The Black Phantom; or Woman's Endurance; by Charles Shrimpton.

The Prince of Kashna. A West Indian Story by Richard B. Kimball.

Wensley. A Story without a Moral.

Passages from the History of a Wasted Life; by a Middle aged Man.

Tactics, or Cupid in Shoulder Straps; a West Point Love Story. By Hparton Drille, U. S. A.

James Montjoy, or I've been Thinking. By A. S. Roe.

Laird of Norlaw; a Scottish Story.

My Married Life at the Hillside. By Barry Gray.

The Gayworthys. By Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney.

The Virginia Comedians, or Old Days in the Old Dominions. Edited from the MSS. of C. Effingham, Esq. 2 vols.

The House on the Moor.

The Indian Scout, or Life on the Frontier. By Gustave Aimard.

The Lady Lisle; a Novel. By Miss E. Braddon.

The Flower of the Prairie. By Gustave Aimard.

Gold Elsie. From the German of E. Marlitt.

The Rangers and Regulators of the Tanahu, or Life among the Lawless; a Tale of the Republic of Texas. By Chas Summerfield.

Burton, or the Sieges; a Romance—2 vols.

Woodhill, or the Ways of Providence. By Talvi.

Wylder's Hand; a Novel. By J. Sheridan Le Fain.

The Habermuster; a Tale of the Bavarian Mountains. Translated from the German of Hermann Schmid.

Marrying too Late; a Tale. By George Wood.

Philip Shaster; a Novel.

Overing, or the Heir of Wycherley; a Historical Romance. By Alfred Grayson, Esq.

On the Heights; a Novel. By Berthold Averbach.

Norman Leslie; a New York Story. By Theodore S. Fay.

Henry St. John, Gentleman, of "Flower of Hundreds," in the County of Prince George, Virginia, a Tale of 1774–75. By Ettch Cooke.

Nepenthe; a Novel. By the author of "Ollie."

Mildred Arkell. By Mrs. Henry Wood.

Cecilia in Search of a Wife. By Mrs. Hannah More.

Seven Stories, with Basement and Attic. By the author of "My Farm at Edgewood."

Beatrice, a Novel. By Julia Kavanagh.

Ruth, a Novel. By Mrs. Gaskell.

Tricotrin, the Story of a Waif and Stray. By Ouida.

Dead Secret. By Wilkie Collins.

Oliver Ellis, or the Fusileers. By James Grant.

The Soldier of Lyons. a Tale of the Tuilleries. By Mrs. Gore.

Marguerite DeValois; an Historical Romance. By Alexandor Dumas.

Adventures of an Aid-de Camp. By James Grant.

The Convent; a Tale Founded on Frets. By Rachel McCrindell.

The Saucy Arethusa; a Naval Story. By Capt. Charmer, R. N.

Valerie, an Autobiography. Capt. Marryat, R. N.

Works of Mrs Sherwoods—15 vols.

The Two Convicts. By Frederick Gerstaecker.

Letty Hyde's Lovers, or the Household Brigade. By James Grant.

Was It a Ghost? The Murders in Bussey's Wood.

Complete Set of Waverly Novels—27 vols.

A Life's Assize.

East Lynne, or the Earl's Daughter. By Mrs. Henry Wood.

Prince Charles, or the Young Pretender. By J. F. Smith.

Virginia Graham, the Spy of the Grand Army. By Justin Jones.

The Dodge Club, or Italy in 1859. By James DeMille.

My Daughter Ellinor; a Novel.

The Gordian Knot, a Story of Good and of Evil. By Shirley Brooks.

Hetty. By Henry Kingsley.

Nature's Nobleman. By the author of "Rachel's Secret."

The Queen's Revenge, and other Stories. By Wilkie Collins.

The White Phantom; a Romance. By Miss M. Braddon.

The General's Daughter, a Romance of History. By Anna Argyle.

Veroniqua, a Romance. By Florence Marryatt.

Elsie's Married Life; a Tale of Domestic Life. By Mrs Mackenzie Daniel.

Wallace, the Hero of Scotland.

The Confessions of Gerald Estcourt. By Florence Marryatt.

Nelly Brooke; a Homely Story, "Love is Strong as Death." By the Same.

Roland Yorke, a Sequel to the Channings. By Mrs. Henry Wood.

The Monarch of

Postal Convention.

Below will be found the second additional convention to the convention relative to the amelioration of the postal intercourse, concluded between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, signed at Berne October 11th, 1867:

The opportunity being offered to the postal administrations of the United States of America and of Switzerland, to introduce an exchange of closed mails via Bremen or Hamburg at lower transit rates than those now in force by the British Belgian route, the government of the United States of America and of Switzerland have resolved to open the new routes above mentioned to the correspondence of the two countries under the following conditions:

ARTICLE 1. The letters from the United States of America for Switzerland, and *vice versa*, which the senders may desire to have transmitted via Bremen or Hamburg, shall be chargeable with the following rates

1st. Eight cents per single rate for letters originating in the United States.

2d. Forty centimes per single rate for letters originating in Switzerland.

For letters unpaid or insufficiently paid, are reserved the extra charges provided by article 7 of the convention of October 11th, 1867.

ARTICLE 2. All letters from the United States of America for Switzerland, and *vice versa*, for which the senders shall not have requested transmission via Bremen or Hamburg, [or in open mails via France,] shall continue to be sent in closed mails by the British Belgian route, and subjected to the rates fixed by Article 7 of the additional convention of February 7, 1870.

ARTICLE 3. In case future abatements in transit expenses admit of a reduction in the present rates on letters exchanged between the United States and Switzerland, the postal administrations of the contracting countries are authorized to fix, by common accord, the respective reduced rates and to take the necessary measure to place them to the profit of the public of the two countries.

ARTICLE 4. The present convention, which shall be considered as a second supplement to the convention of October 11, 1867, shall enter into operation July 1, 1872.

Done in duplicate and signed in Washington the 6th day of May, 1872, and in Berne, the 31st day of May, 1872.

[SEAL.] JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster General of the United States.

The Federal Department of Posts and Telegraphs.

[SEAL.] F. CHALLET VENEL.

I hereby approve the foregoing convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

[SEAL.] U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.
Washington, May 6, 1872.

[TRANSLATION.]

The Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation makes known by these presents.

That it has approved and consented to the above convention. In faith of which the present have been signed by the President and the Chancellor of the Swiss Confederation, and sealed with the seal of the Federal Council, at Berne, the 10th of July, 1872.

In the name of the Swiss Federal Council.
The President of the Confederation.
[SEAL.] WELTS.
The Chancellor of the Confederation.
SCHIESS.

A Kentucky Anecdote of the New Missouri Senator.

[Lexington (Ky.) Gazette]

Mr. Louis V. Bogy, the newly elected Senator from Missouri, was at one time a law student in this city, and we heard an anecdote of him while a resident here that he may not remember, or which he may not thank us for reproducing. At any rate we will give it as we heard it, from one of his contemporaries. He brought a letter of introduction to old Parson Hall, but neglected to deliver it until one day he had been out dining with a few friends, and, like most of the young men of that day, indulged quite freely in wine, and passing Mr. Hall's church he went in while service was going on. A missionary sermon was being delivered by a gentleman by the name of Pea, who was quite eloquent on the subject of the destitution of the people west of the Mississippi, who were in heathen darkness. Upon this young Bogy got up on the seat of his pew, and said that he begged leave to differ with the gentleman who was addressing the meeting; that the people of Missouri were Christian and civilized, and that it was doing them great injustice to represent them otherwise; that he (the speaker) was a citizen and a native of the Western territory, and believed that he would compare favorably in point of intelligence and civilization with the gentleman, or any other person in the meeting. At this stage of the proceedings Mr. Hall arose as pacificator, and said that Mr. Pea had not referred to the white people of Missouri, but to the Indians. With this the excited Missourian expressed himself satisfied, and after the conclusion of the service, went forward and delivered his letter of introduction to Mr. Hall, who received him very politely, but he refused to be introduced to Mr. Pea, who, as he said, had made such "a damn fool of himself." If Bogy retains the sentional jealousy which distinguished his youth, he will find himself in hot water all the time in Washington.

Mr. James Brooks, Democratic Congressman from New York City, finding it impossible to conceal his share in the Credit Mobilier job, has apparently concluded that the next best thing for him to do is to prove that he was in the habit of keeping company with very respectable people at the time of the alleged transaction. A Washington dispatch of the 29th of January says:

At the sitting of the Poland Committee this morning, James Brooks appeared and desired to make a record of the fact that in the imprinted exhibit of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, January 6th, 1872, in the suit of McComb against the Credit Mobilier, there was filed and sworn to a list of the Credit Mobilier stockholders, dated December 12, 1867. In this list Charles H. Neilson had 100 shares. That was nearly three months before Brooks became a member of Congress, or Government Director. It was a matter of notoriety in the highest Court of Pennsylvania, that Neilson owned 150 shares in his own name. Brooks also desired a record of the names of all the Government Directors when he was one—such names as George Ashman of Massachusetts, James S. Rollins of Missouri, Jesse L. Wilson of Indiana, and Benjamin Wade of Ohio and others, and to the facts on record on the Union Pacific Railroad books that these Directors generally (if not always) were in accord with him (Brooks) as to their duties; that during that time, John A. Dix, Governor of New York, was President of the road; Senator Morgan, (N. Y.), was one of the trustees of the bonds of the company. Brooks referred to the October meeting (1872) of the Union Pacific directors, when a resolution of his for a revocation of the Wyoming Coal Company passed. On investigation Brooks testified that he held his directorship one year. He never heard of the authorization of the directors for the issue of 50 shares additional. He only saw it yesterday claimed that these 50 shares were for Neilson by virtue of a contract with Durant. He had no knowledge as to who paid the $5,000 loaned to Neilson by Dillon. He was sure he (witness) did not, but supposed Neilson did. His check book showed no such check given.

The Santa Barbara *Press* says that Col. Hollister will soon have the largest almond orchard in the State. It will contain about 20,000 trees. Besides these, he is planting large numbers of limes, lemons and oranges, and many other fruit trees.

An Arkansas artist, in marble carved a sleeping lion a while ago, and took it to a country fair for a premium. The award was thusly: "James Magill—first premium for a beautiful bull pup in marble."

Josh Billings gives the following advice to young men: "Don't be discouraged if yer mustach don't grow; it sometimes happens where a mustache does the best, nothing else duz so well."

In the *Washington Chronicle* of January 14th, we find the following letters from Mr. W. Hastings:

WASHINGTON, January 13, 1873.

To the Hon. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Credit Mobilier Investigation Committee—GENTLEMEN: You will please take notice that I desire to offer, and respectfully ask leave to adduce in evidence, matters pertinent to and tending to prove the substance of the issue now being tried before your honorable body touching the charges of Congressional bribery and corruption through the medium of Credit Mobilier and other stock, &c. Yours, very respectfully

W. HASTINGS.

WASHINGTON, January 14, 1873.

GENTS: I propose to show, and expect to prove by competent evidence, that a large share holder in the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and by one who is also a shareholder in the Credit Mobilier of America, testified in a judicial proceeding (and admitted himself) that he had used money and other valuable things, including Union Pacific Railroad Company stock and Credit Mobilier stock, to bribe members of Congress to inaugurate, influence and carry through, by means of bribery and corruption, legislation by Congress in the interest of railroad corporations, and in order to lay the foundation for the introduction of such proof, and as tending also to prove the substance of the issue, I ask that the records in action entitled an action, as follows, to wit: In the District Court of the 15th judicial district of the State of California, in and for the city and county of San Francisco, S. G. Elliott, plaintiff, vs. Ben Holladay et al., defendants. Also, an action in the same court, entitled an action as follows, to wit: John Nightengale, plaintiff, vs. Ben. Holladay et al., defendants, be sent for and read in evidence before the committee. I suggest also that the committee examine as a witness in this proceeding W. H. L. Barnes, a counselor-at-law, resident of the said city and county of San Francisco, law partner of Hon. Eugene Casserly, United States Senator for California, and attorney for the Central Pacific railroad, for reasons appearing in a carefully prepared address delivered by him before a large concourse of people in said city, at the instance and request of a high Federal official, and a short extract from whose speech I ask leave to send them and show to this committee. W. HASTINGS.

The Philadelphia *Press* of January 3d contains the following sensible editorial from the pen of J. W. Forney:

Thirty years ago no such thing was known as a Senator being elected by money or as a citizen going into the House poor and coming out rich. Our statesmen at Washington from 1800 down to 1845 were generally incorruptible. Men were sent to Congress not because they had or wanted money, but because they had brains. Nominations were neither engineered nor bought. There were contests and conflicts, but purchasing votes at the primaries or at the polls, or corrupting members of the Legislature, was as unusual as a white crow or a black dove. Doubtless ancient manners have curtailed to modern shoddy, and it may be expedient to yield to circumstances; but it would be a very good thing if in the course of the general ventilation at Washington some theory could be established by which the exact relations of the public servant to his constituency could be defined. There is a new gospel that when a man is elected to high office he does not part with his citizen sovereignty; in other words, that when he goes to Congress he can use his position for his own advantage, precisely as if he had not gone there. Many of our public men have yielded to this philosophy, while not a few, let us say, have been resolute in refusing all vindication of others when called before Congressional courts of inquiry. Nothing has more marked recent legislation in Washington than the refusal of members and Senators to stand forth in defence of private citizens summoned before investigating committees, especially when these citizens happened to be newspaper men. Scarcely a word has ever been spoken in public in vindication of men thus assailed. Now that the boot is on the other leg, or rather that the tables are turned, we must not be astonished if Congressional indifference is somewhat deliberately imitated by the journalists. Whatever, therefore, the issue of the investigation into the Credit Mobilier, let us hope that it will leave to all sides something like a common platform, and that it will decide the question whether a Senator or Representative can cast his vote for a consideration, and whether investigating committees are to be open when a citizen is on the rack, and closed to all inspection when a Congressman is in the confessional.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Herald* of Jan. 4th thinks that the commonly received belief that no one but a lawyer should be sent to the United States Senate is erroneous. Prominent among the candidates for the Senatorship from Georgia, are Herschel V. Johnson and Alexander H. Stephens. Speaking of their claims, the *Herald* says:

England, with her Pitt, Fox, Gladstone, Palmerston, Disraeli; Germany, with her Bismarck; Austria, with Von Beust; Italy, with Count Cavour; and France, with her very many great statesmen, all of whom were never lawyers, are evidence of the absurdity of the assertion that a man must be a member of the law to be able to grapple successfully with great legal questions.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 5, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 113¼.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 88c buying; 89c selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 900 fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average, California, 12s 2d@12s 4d; Club, 12s 6d@13s 3d.

So far this week our local money market has been very quiet, though there are unmistakable indications of the return of the "better times" before alluded to. Collection day, an occasion on which complaints about the tightness in financial matters of some of the time comes to the surface, passed off with less manifestations of the kind than usual. The balances at the banks are not thought to be very large, but collections have begun to be more satisfactory and the average has been a rising one. The balance between the city and country is steadily but slowly growing more favorable to an easy condition. We note the fact more frequent offers of funds have come to our knowledge of late than for a long time previous as an indication of both a more healthy market and a lessened demand for loans. We incline to the opinion that through the various channels sufficient capital will find its way into our State to insure during the approaching season a liberal application to the development of our resources that will render the year 1873 a very prosperous one.

The introduction of a bill in Congress by the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Finances, which looks towards the resumption of specie payments, is being extensively commented on by our exchanges. The London *Stock Exchange* is quite complimentary in its notice of the financial system of the United States, and says that "it furnishes ample proof that, though defective on a main point (the incontrovertibility), a paper currency, based on the credit of a strong Government, is a good currency. If the Federal Government could make the legal tenders, commonly called greenbacks, exchangeable for gold at their face value at the treasury, that currency would be sound, and the most desirable that could be introduced. The principle on which the national banks are founded is to base the notes they issue, not on gold, but on the United States bonds. The security is as good and worse for the benefit of the Government as well as of the banks. Instead of having the dollars filled with the precious metals lying in an unproductive state, the security upon which they work earns for the bank five per cent., and as the people recognize in that security perfect safety, that confidence is imparted which is the very essential of business."

An Important Question.

It being now very generally believed that our surplus grain crop for 1873, as well as our wool product will be quite in excess of that of any former year it becomes a question of great importance to the people of Oregon as to whether our facilities for transportation are to be at all commensurate with our necessities. During 1872 the greatest and most continued want of our commercial interest was an adequate supply of tonnage. Had we had this even at a merely good paying rate to shipowners, our financial condition, as a community, would have been far better than it now is, for with the lack of this facility have been the high charters for the vessels which are reaching our port, the disadvantages and losses invariably falling upon the producer who has been obliged to part with his surplus productions to obtain other necessary imports. It is not without exception, but nevertheless a rule, that shippers' profits are very much more regular than are those of the producer. In other words, the cost of transportation being the same, the shipper's profits is as much when he buys a thing for $1, and sells for $2, as when he buys the same thing for $2 and sells for $4. In the former case the profit is in fact rather favored because his investment is smaller. Thus it will be seen that the producer is the only one affected as a rule by low prices of his commodity, and it is not a wonder that our farmers should become aroused to the necessity of adopting measures on their own behalf to secure a reduction of the charges, which as things now are eat up all the margin over the actual cost of raising and harvesting their grain. Notwithstanding the charge that shippers here are oppressing the people by compelling them to sell at a low figure, we have but little doubt that in proportion to the amount of capital invested the exporting business is now proving less remunerative than at any previous time in our history.

What we want, then, is additional facilities for placing the surplus products of the country in the market of the world. Some of our exchanges have already made some predictions as to the probable number of vessels to arrive here to load with grain during the next harvest year. As a matter of course all such predictions are hardly more than guess work, and we do not intend to hang out our reputation for good guessing by repeating them. One thing, however, we do say is the case, and that is that the manner in which vessels arriving at the mouth of the Columbia are treated by the tug boats which have a monopoly of the business of towing them across the bar, will tend to damage the reputation of our port, and cause vessels that otherwise might have been attracted either by chances of securing good cargoes to proceed elsewhere, where there is less expense and vexatious delay. We have not often resorted to this serious detriment to our commercial interests in this column, hoping that at an early day some remedy for the evil would be found, but as general has been the complaint of shipmasters and merchants of late that we feel it our duty to remind the public at large of the very injurious length to which the matter has gone. With this obstruction removed by shipping of the facilities for crossing the bar with celerity and safety, we could confidently expect as great an influx of tonnage here as they have at San Francisco. The difference otherwise in charters for the two ports would be nominal. There are other thoughts that suggest themselves in relation to this subject which a lack of space prevents us from laying before our readers to day

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—We are only able to-day to quote a quiet market, with rates unchanged. The five vessels now in port to load will require quite a large quantity, but it is claimed that enough is already in the hands of exporters or at their command in the interior for this purpose. Our quotations, the highest obtainable from buyers, is $1 05 per cental.

FLOUR—Shipments by the steamer yesterday perceptibly lessened the supply, but quotations remain at $5 50 for extra and $4 25 for other brands

OATS—The stock in hand is quite large and quotations range at about 60 cents per bushel.

HAY—Prices are firm at our last quotations, but there is no active demand.

FEED—Bran is quoted at $16@19 per ton; Shorts, $27 50@30; Chops and Middlings, etc., $30@32 50.

EGGS—The tone of the market to day is, if any changed, a little firmer, but shippers only offer 28 cents; jobbing at 25 cents per dozen

Other products are without material change.

Shipping Intelligence.

The ships Sarah Scott, Roswell Sprague and Reone are all discharging ballast at the wharves.

The barkentine Jane A. Falkinham arrived yesterday from Honolulu with a cargo of sugar, molasses and tropical fruits. She is now lying at Flanders' wharf and will commence to discharge cargo to-morrow.

The brig Pathfinder is lying at the lower sawmill receiving a cargo of lumber for Southern California

The bark Harmouta is lying at the outside wharf receiving a cargo of wheat and flour for Liverpool.

The Carlino arrived this afternoon from Astoria and is lying at anchor out in the stream. This bark comes in ballast from Hong Kong, consigned to Ladger, Meyer & Co., of this city. Her cargo will consist of wheat, and her destination the United Kingdom.

The ship Penang will probably arrive from down the river to morrow. She comes in ballast from China and will carry away a cargo of cereals.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Arrived—ships Sea Witch and Highlander, from New York. From Cardiff, Chelsea, Burdeaux, Gen. Cobb, Seattle Victor from Nanaimo.

Sailed—British ship Loch Doon, for Liverpool; Gold Hunter, for Puget Sound; Ocean Pearl, for Port Townsend.

General Memorandum.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Plows—Moline, 10 to 14 inch cut, $10@17 50; Peoria, 10 to 14 inch cut, $11@16 50; Collin's B 12 and C 3, $16; Collin's Cast Cast-steel, $18 50@20. Grain Drills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-hoe, $120@125; do with brass cut attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Two-horse, 9 tooth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $15.0. Cider Mills—Buckeye, two tube, Junior, $30@32 50; do, Senior, $40@50; Hutchinson's $27 50. Farm Wagons—$145@190. Harrow teeth, 12c ₩ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Men's, J. K. & Co.'s B. B. B. extra French calf, quilted or plain, s s, d s or t s boots, $12@15, J. K. & Co. Milford Standard's n o d or peg, lace top boots, $09; Portland made French calf s d s or t s boots, $7@7 5; Portland made kip d s or t s boots, $5 0; our granite kip, $04; Welfoot, $5@$4. Boys Boots—J. K. & Co. B. B. B. extra French calf d s or t s boots, $04 @$4; our factory calf, $4@4 50; kip s d $2 50@3; Nash's calf peged, $2 7@30. Ladies—d s kid fox velvet top balo $2 7@30; kid sock vamp balo, $2@2 7; kid full scal balo $3 0@3; Portland made calf balo, $2 4; San Francisco calf balo, $2@2 50; our buff balo, $1 0@1 50; Misses and Children's balo, in comparatively less and lower grades at very much lower quotations.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 12@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11½c; Burlap, per yard, 14c@16c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ruling, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $22 @30; flooring, $24@28; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@20c per foot.

BROOMS—Common, $3@5 ₩ dozen; extra, $4@6.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $3 50@4; Jams and Jellies $1 40; Los Angeles Honey, $1 40; Strawberries, $1 50; Raspberries, $1 75; Blackberries $1 40; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $2@3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $2 40; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $2@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight; light weight 18c.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $3; American, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $5; Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 75.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica 20½@21; Guatemala, 20½@21; Rio and Manilla, 20½@21c; Java, 26@27c. J. F. Jones & Co.'s Ground Java, 27½c; Chartres, 25c; Phœnix Premium, 20@22c.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 8c; Borax, 30@32; Blue Vitrol, 12½@13c; Potash Granlz, 12c can, 6c; do, $2 25; Rosin, ₩ bbl, $12@16; Saltpetre, kegs, 18@20c; Sulphur, $5@10

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@16 cts; seconds, 13c; Sheeting, 4, light, 11½c; medium, 12½c, standard, 14@ 15½c; home linings, 9½c; bleached sheeting, 2, 9@10½c; do, ⅞, 13½c; do, 4-4, 12½@25c. Cotton checks, 10@35c; linen checks, 18@20c; cambrics, 10c. Cotton flannel, bleached, 15@18 cts; do, brown, 12½@15c. Cottonades, light, 20@22c; do, heavy, 25@40c. Denims, 16@30c. Hickory stripes, 1 ½@25c. Standard prints, 11c; seconds, do, 9c. Delaines, 18@20c. Linseys, 20@30c. Ticks, ⅞, 14½@30c; do, 4-4, 20@35c. Bear duck, 24c. Table linen, damask, brown, 35@50c; damask bleached, 65@85. Drawer linen, 30@35c. Bleached shirtings, 15@40c. Sheets, 4-4, bleached, 25@35c. Waterproof, 8 10@1 25. Crash 10@15c. Ginghams—Domestic, 10@20c; Scotch, 22@30c. Lawns, 15@27. Percales, 25@30.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 7@7½c; packed, 8@9c. Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 8c. Plums, pitters, 20@22c. Raisins, new crop, in box, $4 2@; bf do, $3 50; quarter ₩, eighth boxes, $7; Zante Currants, 14c; Oregon do, 10@12c; Citron, 45@50c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 4½; Mackerel, No. 1 ₩ bf bbl, $14 75, do No 2, $13 00; do kits, No. 1, $3 50; do No. 2, $2 75. Salmon—pickled, extra brands, bf bbl, $4 50@; bbl, $7 50@8, common brands, bf bbls, $4 00@4 25; bbls, $6 50@7 00. Canned salmon, fresh, 2-lb cans, $3 00 per dozen; 1-lb, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $9 25; bfs, $5.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5. Rye do $2 50@4. Domestic do $1 50@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $3@6. California wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@8; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—Penn, $3 50@6; Santa Cruz, $3 50@5 50. New England, $2@2 50; Jamaica, $4@8

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig exported to San Francisco, $65; refined bar, ₩ lb, 6½c; Sheet 13 to 20, 9½c; do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheathing, ₩ lb, 42c; do Yellow, 39c, do bronzed tinned, 63c; do old, 30c Tin plates—Plates charcoal, IX per box, $10 50; do IC char, $17 50; Roofing Plates, $17; Banca Tin slabs ₩ lb, 0 2½c. Steel—English cast steel ₩ lb 20c; Lowmoor—Spring Tire, Sheet 16c; Pipe 12. Bar 12@12½c. Zinc—Sheets ₩ lb 14c. Babbit metal, 28@40. Quicksilver, 95c. Pressed ware has advanced 2@5 00 ₩

NAILS—Quotable 10 x 60d per keg, $6 75; 8d 25c per keg advance; 6d, 50c per keg advance, 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance, cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the price of 10d; fence, 50c per keg advance on same sizes of common nails; finishing and brads4ead, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails; box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails.

NUTS—Almonds, 25@30c; Brazil, 20c. Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 20c; Pecaut, 10c, Pecan, 20c; Walnuts, 15c

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Boruu's, 65c; Downer's, 60@65c; Standard, 60c; Crystaline (5-gal cans), 50c; Crystaline (2-gal cans) 55c; Gaslight, 50@52½; China Nut, 92½@97½c; Lard, in casks, extra, $1 20. No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; No. 1, $1; Castor, $1 75@1 80; Machine, 50@$1 15. Linseed, $1 15@1 20; Salmon.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical pure gal, $2 75; Atlantic, 13½@14; Bartlett, 12 @12; North River, 11; Greenback, 10½; French zinc white, 10; Devoe's zinc white, 12; lumpblack, Eddy's, 60 @60, Germantown, 45@50; ordinary, 25@30; Venetian red, 06@8. Shaver ochre, 02½; red lead, 12½@13; Litharge, 13@14, fire proof, 16@17 cents.

RICE—China, 7½@8c; Patna, 8c; Island, 10c; Carolina, 12½c.

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c

TEA—Stocks on hand good, with demand dull at the following ranges: young hyson, 50c@$1 20 per lb; black, 50c@80c per lb, Japan, in papers, 35c@62c per lb; lacquered box, 60c to 85c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₩ gal

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—We quote agents' rates as follows (the first figure per pair, last for less). For Blankets (Pendle's) A, 11.0, $11; B 10, C, $10; D, E, $9 50; F, $9 50; G, $9 50. other descriptions 4 pt Gray, $8 00@8 25; 3 pt $7 00@7 25; 3 pt black border Grey, $5 50@5 75, 4 pt Vicuna, $11@11 25; 3 pt, $8 50@8 75; 4 pt scarlet, $12 50 @12 75, 3 pt $9 00@9 75, 4 pt Green, $10 50@10 75, 3 pt $8@8 25; 4 pt Blue, $10 50@10 75; 3 pt, $8@8 25; No. 2 Cordova, $6@6 25. Flannel Cloth; other manufacturers (from figures for regular and test for extra sizes): Grey Overshirts, $21 ₩ dozen, Grey Underclothing; $19; White Underclothing, $21@22; Scarlet Underclothing; $25@26; Fancy Cassimere Overshirts, extra size, $28@35 ₩ doz, Fancy Check Overshirts, $25 00. Flannels, per yard, blue, mixed and colored, 50@60c; Scarlet, 56@60c; White, 50c@; Fancy Plaid, 37½@40c; plain colored, 45@50c; plain checked, 50c. Honey Comb, per yard: plain, $2 25; fancy, $2 25. Clothe, per yard. Hard Times, $1@1 12½; Cassimeres, $1 25@1 75; Doeskin, $1 25@2; Tweed, $1 00@1 05; Yarns, $1 37@1 75.

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $27 00@28; Russell's, $26@25 00; Jones' $22 50@24; Donnelly's, $24.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.

Oranges, per doz.	1 00
Limes, per doz....	65
Cocoanuts, each..	12
Cala. Grapes, ₩ lb	2@
Cranberries, ₩ gal	75a 90
Lemons, per doz.	75a1 00
Peaches, ₩ lb.....	
Apples, ₩ box....75c@$1 00	
Prunes, ₩ lb.	

DRIED FRUIT.

	₩ lb.
Figs, Cal.....16@20	
Figs, Asia Min, new. 30@37	
Figs, " old....20@25	
Apples 10	
Prunes, pulled ...20@25	
Prunes, Ger & French 20@25	
Pears..... 8a10	

GROCERIES.

	₩ lb.
Coffee, ground .....30@37	
do Great O. R.. 22@25	
do do 20	
do " Java ...30@33	
do Mocha..... 00	
Sugar, crushed. ... 16	
do pulverized.... 16	
do granulated.... 15	
do Yellow 14	
do Island No 1 13@14	
do " No. 2 @10	
Milk, condensed. ... 37	
Candles, adamantine..20@28	
do Paraffine ... 33@37	
do Sperm ... 62	
Oil, Kerosene ₩ gal.. 75	
Syrup, Golden, ₩ gal.. 75	
Tea—	₩ lb.
Gunpowder...($3 25@1 50	
Imperial..... 3 25@1 00	
Young Hyson.. 1 10@1 50	
Hyson..... 1 00@1 25	
Eng Breakfast. 90@1 25	
Japan..... 75a 90	

PROVISIONS, ETC.

	₩ lb.
Butter—	
Fancy Dairy..... 60	
Good..... 40@45	
Ordinary..... 35@30	
Cooking 20	
Cheese, California..... 26	
do Eastern..... 25	
do Oregon..... 25	
Hams, country 18	
do city..... 20@22	
do Sugar-cured 22½@25	
Shoulders 11a13	
Bacon, Clear Sides..... 16@16	
do Breakfast..... a18	
Lard—	
Pure Leaf, in tins...17a18	
Good, in tins. 15	
In bulk. 13	
Honey, Yellow Comb. 25	
do White..... 37	
Eggs, per doz..... 33	

BREADSTUFFS.

	₩ sack.
Flour—	
Fancy brands... 1 60	
Choice..... 1 25	
Common..... 1 02	
Graham, extra.. 1 50	
Corn meal, Cal ₩ lb	4a5
do Oregon.	4a5

POULTRY.

	₩ pair.
Hens, grown.....$1 00a1 25	
Roosters, " ... 1 25	
Spring chickens.... 1 00	
Ducks, tame..... 1 50	
Geese, " 3 00	
Turkeys 5 00	

CANNED GOODS

	₩ doz.
Oysters, 2-lb cans. 3 00a3 25	
do 1-lb cans 3 00a3 50	
Lobsters, 2-lb cans. 3 75a4 00	
do 1-lb cans. 2 50a3 00	
Sardines, qr tins.. 4 00a5 00	
do ½-tins..5 00a6 00	
Clams..... 3 25a4 00	
Green corn, 2lb cans 1 80a1 90	
" Peas, 2lb cans 1 80a1 90	
" Beans, 2lb cans 1 80a1 90	
Tomatoes, 2lb cans. 1 80a1 90	
Peaches, 2½lb cans 2 50a2 75	
Pine apples, 2lb cans 2 25a1 50	
Strawberries, " 1 50a1 60	
Blackberries, " 1 40a1 60	
Apricots, 2lb cans 1 50a1 60	
Jellies, in tins..... 0 90a1 00	
Jams, in tins 1 40a1 60	

BACON, ETC.

	₩ doz. pts. qts.
Worcester Sauce...5 00a6 00	
Catsup, Tomato....2 50a3 00	
do Mushroom 4 00a5 00	
Capers 1 50a2 00	
Curry Powders..... 1 50a2 00	
Mustard, French...2 75a3 25	
do Cal. ... 2 50a3 00	
Pickles, English..... 0 10	

NUTS.

	₩ lb.
Almonds 30a40	
Walnuts. 20a25	
Brazil... ..... 25a30	
Filberts 20a25	
Peanuts 15a20	
Pecan..... 25a30	
Chestnuts a37	
Hickory..... 25	

GAME.

	pair
Ducks	0a2 75
Geese.	1 00
Swan.....	2 00
Grouse	75
Pheasants.....	62
Venison, ₩ lb.....	10a 12

FISH.

	₩ lb.
Eastern Cod	15
Pacific Cod	8a12
Sturgeon.....	5
Salmon.....	8a 10
Dessicated Cod.....	8
Mackerel, ₩ kit.. 2 50a4 00	
Fresh Oysters ₩ 100	75

VEGETABLES.

	₩ lb.
Squash.....	3
Beets.....	3
Onions..	4
Carrots.....	3
Turnips.....	3
Garlic	25
Celery, ₩ doz.....	2 00
Cabbage, ₩ doz....	75a1 00
Cauliflower, ₩ doz.	2 50

MEATS.

	₩ lb.
Beef.....	10a12
Ho choice cuts	15a25
Mutton	12a18
I do choice cuts.....	20
Veal.....	12a20
Pork.....	12a15
do choice cuts.....	20

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Cascade Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

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